

CALIFORNIA LEGISLATURE
1995-96 REGULAR SESSION

ASSEMBLY DAILY JOURNAL

Wednesday, March 13, 1996

**ONE HUNDRED EIGHTY-FIFTH SESSION DAY
FOUR HUNDRED SIXTY-FIFTH CALENDAR DAY
AT SACRAMENTO, CALIFORNIA**



NOTE: Official record of roll call votes; all amendments considered by the Assembly on this day are on file with the Chief Clerk of the Assembly and available on request. A list of all measures amended and on which amendments were offered is shown on the final page of this day's Assembly Journal.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE ASSEMBLY

IN ASSEMBLY

Assembly Chamber, Sacramento
Wednesday, March 13, 1996

The Assembly met at 7 a.m.

Hon. Mickey Conroy, Assembly Member, 71st District, presiding.

Chief Clerk E. Dotson Wilson at the Desk.

Assistant Clerk Akiba H. Howard reading.

ROLL CALL

The following were placed upon the morning roll call—64:

Aguiar	Campbell	Harvey	Morrow
Alby	Cannella	Hauser	Napolitano
Archie-Hudson	Conroy	Hawkins	Olberg
Baca	Cortese	Hoge	Poochigian
Baldwin	Cunneen	House	Rainey
Bates	Davis	Katz	Richter
Battin	Ducheny	Knight	Setencich
Baugh	Escutia	Knowles	Sweeney
Boland	Figueroa	Kuykendall	Takasugi
Bordonaro	Firestone	Machado	Thompson
Bowen	Friedman	Margett	Tucker
Bowler	Frusetta	Martinez	Vasconcellos
Brewer	Gallegos	Mazzoni	Villaraigosa
Brown	Goldsmith	McPherson	Weggeland
Brulte	Granlund	Miller	Woods
Caldera	Hannigan	Morrissey	Mr. Speaker

Quorum present.

At 12:05 p.m., Hon. George House, 25th District, presiding

REGULAR BUSINESS DISPENSED WITH

By unanimous consent, the regular order of business of the Assembly was dispensed with for this legislative day.

LEAVES OF ABSENCE FOR THE DAY

By unanimous consent, the following Assembly Members were granted leaves of absence for the day:

On legislative business: Assembly Members Ackerman, Burton, Bustamante, Kaloogian, Knox, Kevin Murray, Rogan, and Speier.

On legislative business, and waiving per diem: Assembly Member Alpert.

On personal business, and waiving per diem: Assembly Members Lee, McDonald, Willard Murray, and Sher.

Because of illness in her family: Assembly Member Kuehl.

The following Assembly Member was excused for the day: Isenberg.

EXPLANATIONS OF ABSENCE

Pursuant to the Assembly Rules, the following explanations of absence were ordered printed in the Journal:

March 12, 1996

*Speaker Curt Pringle
Assembly Rules Committee
State Capitol, Room 3016
Sacramento, California*

Dear Speaker Pringle: I respectfully request permission to be excused from the California State Assembly check in tomorrow, March 13, 1996.

I will be in San Diego on official legislative business, attending a **Public Employees, Retirement & Social Security (PER & SS) Committee Hearing**. My flight leaves Sacramento at 6:40 a.m. and I will return tomorrow afternoon at 4:30 p.m.

If further information is needed, please do not hesitate to call. Thank you for your attention to this request.

Sincerely,

DICK ACKERMAN, Assembly Member
Seventy-second District

March 13, 1996

*The Honorable Curt Pringle
Speaker of the Assembly
California State Assembly
State Capitol, Room 3016
Sacramento, California*

Dear Curt: On March 13, I will be out of Sacramento for personal and legislative business and will not be available for Wednesday's check-in session. Please waive per diem. I plan to return for Thursday's session.

Sincerely,

DEDE ALPERT, Assembly Member
Seventy-eighth District

March 13, 1996

*Honorable Curt Pringle
Speaker of the Assembly
Room 219, State Capitol
Sacramento, California*

Dear Mr. Speaker: Please excuse me from check-in Session on Wednesday, March 13, 1996. I will be in San Diego at a PERS hearing. Thank you for your cooperation on this matter.

Peace and friendship,

JOHN BURTON, Assembly Member
Twelfth District

March 12, 1996

*The Honorable Curt Pringle
Speaker of the Assembly
State Capitol, Room 219*

Dear Mr. Speaker: I would like to be excused from check-in session for Wednesday, March 13.

I will be attending the Public Employees, Retirement and Social Security Committee hearing in San Diego of which I am a member and which you had previously approved our Committee's travel.

Sincerely,

CRUZ M. BUSTAMANTE, Assembly Member
Thirty-first District

March 13, 1996

*Assembly Speaker Curt Pringle
State Capitol, Room 219
Sacramento, California*

Dear Mr. Speaker: This letter is to inform you that on March 13th I will be in San Diego attending a special hearing of the PERSS Committee.

Respectfully,

HOWARD KALOOGIAN, Assembly Member
Seventy-fourth District

March 12, 1996

*The Honorable Curt Pringle
Speaker of the Assembly
State Capitol, Room 219
Sacramento, California*

Dear Mr. Speaker: This is to request that I be excused from session on Wednesday, March 13, 1996. I will be in my district conducting legislative business.

Thank you for your consideration of this request.

Sincerely,

WALLY KNOX, Assembly Member
Forty-second District

March 13, 1996

*The Honorable Curt Pringle
Speaker, California State Assembly
State Capitol, Room 219
Sacramento, California*

Dear Speaker Pringle: This letter is to request to be excused from Session on Wednesday, March 13, 1996 on legislative business.

Yours sincerely,

KEVIN MURRAY, Assembly Member
Forty-seventh District

March 13, 1996

*Honorable Curt Pringle
Speaker, California State Assembly
State Capitol
Sacramento, California*

Dear Mr. Speaker: Please excuse me from check in session on Wednesday, March 13, 1996. I will be on legislative business in my district.

Thank you. With best personal regards, I remain
Sincerely,

JAMES E. ROGAN, Assembly Member
Forty-third District

March 12, 1996

*The Honorable Curt Pringle
Speaker of the Assembly
State Capitol, Room 219
Sacramento, California*

Dear Mr. Speaker: I respectfully request that I be excused from check-in session tomorrow, Wednesday, March 13, 1996. I am conducting legislative business in my district.

Thank you for your consideration of this request.

All the best,

JACKIE SPEIER, Assembly Member
Nineteenth District

COMMUNICATIONS

The following communications were presented by the Speaker, and ordered printed in the Journal:

March 12, 1996

*E. Dotson Wilson, Chief Clerk
California State Assembly
State Capitol Building, Room 3196
Sacramento, California*

Dear Mr. Wilson: Please be advised pursuant to Government Code, Sec. 8501, I have appointed Assemblyman Charles Poochigian to the Milton Marks Commission on California State Government Organization and Economy (Little Hoover Commission), replacing Assemblywoman Jackie Speier who is removed.

Sincerely,

CURT PRINGLE
Speaker of the Assembly

March 12, 1996

*E. Dotson Wilson, Chief Clerk
California State Assembly
State Capitol Building, Room 3196
Sacramento, California*

Dear Mr. Wilson: Pleased be advised pursuant to Education Code Ch # 1010, 1976, I have appointed Assemblyman Bruce Thompson to the Education Commission of the States, replacing Assemblywoman Juanita McDonald who is removed.

Sincerely,

CURT PRINGLE
Speaker of the Assembly

March 12, 1996

*E. Dotson Wilson, Chief Clerk
California State Assembly
State Capitol Building, Room 3196
Sacramento, California*

Dear Mr. Wilson: Pleased be advised pursuant to Fish and Game Code, Sections 1320-24, I have appointed Assemblyman David Knowles to the Wildlife Conservation Board, replacing Assemblyman Phil Isenberg who is removed.

Sincerely,

CURT PRINGLE
Speaker of the Assembly

ENGROSSMENT AND ENROLLMENT REPORTS

Assembly Chamber, March 13, 1996

Mr. Speaker: Pursuant to your instructions, the Chief Clerk has examined:
Assembly Bill No. 835

And reports the same correctly enrolled, and presented to the Governor at 10:30 a.m., March 13, 1996.

E. DOTSON WILSON, Chief Clerk

Assembly Chamber, March 13, 1996

Mr. Speaker: Pursuant to your instructions, the Chief Clerk has examined:
Assembly Bill No. 2018
Assembly Bill No. 2108

And reports the same correctly engrossed.

E. DOTSON WILSON, Chief Clerk

Above bills re-referred to committee.

AUTHOR'S AMENDMENTS Committee on Public Safety

March 13, 1996

Mr. Speaker: The Chair of your Committee on Public Safety reports:

Assembly Bill No. 2000
Assembly Bill No. 2093
Assembly Bill No. 2208

With author's amendments with the recommendation: Amend, and re-refer to the committee.

BOLAND, Chairwoman

ASSEMBLY BILL NO. 2000—An act to amend Section 1936 of the Civil Code, to amend Section 53150 of the Government Code, to amend Sections 11836, 11837, 11837.1, 11837.2, and 11837.4 of the Health and Safety Code, to amend Section 670 of the Insurance Code, to amend Sections 191.5, 192, 193.8, 1192.7, 13894.7, and 13894.8 of the Penal Code, and to amend Sections 1803, 1821, 9250.14, 12802.5, 13350, 13352, 13352.5, 13353, 13353.1, 13353.2, 13353.3, 13353.4, 13353.5, 13372, 13557, 13954, 14601.2, 14601.3, 15023, 15300, 15302, 23103.5, 23136, 23137, 23140, 23152, 23153, 23155, 23157, 23159, 23165, 23166, 23175, 23176, 23182, 23190, 23191, 23192, 23194, 23199, 23201, 23205, 23206.5, 23220, 23222, 23224, 34501.16, 40000.15, 40300.5, 40300.6, and 42009 of, and to repeal Sections 23170, 23171, 23185, 23186, and 23187 of, the Vehicle Code, relating to vehicles.

Bill read second time; author's amendments, presented pursuant to Assembly Rules, read and adopted; bill ordered reprinted, and to be re-referred to the committee.

ASSEMBLY BILL NO. 2093—An act to amend Section 3003 of the Penal Code, relating to prisoners.

Bill read second time; author's amendments, presented pursuant to Assembly Rules, read and adopted; bill ordered reprinted, and to be re-referred to the committee.

ASSEMBLY BILL NO. 2208—An act to amend Section 1466 of, and to add Section 1424.5 to, the Penal Code, relating to criminal proceedings.

Bill read second time; author's amendments, presented pursuant to Assembly Rules, read and adopted; bill ordered reprinted, and to be re-referred to the committee.

AUTHOR'S AMENDMENTS

Committee on Insurance

March 13, 1996

Mr. Speaker: The Chair of your Committee on Insurance reports:

Assembly Bill No. 2052

With author's amendments with the recommendation: Amend, and re-refer to the committee.

KNOWLES, Chairman

ASSEMBLY BILL NO. 2052—An act to amend Sections 1065.2 and 1065.4 of the Insurance Code, relating to insurance.

Bill read second time; author's amendments, presented pursuant to Assembly Rules, read and adopted; bill ordered reprinted, and to be re-referred to the committee.

AUTHOR'S AMENDMENTS

Committee on Human Services

March 13, 1996

Mr. Speaker: The Chair of your Committee on Human Services reports:

Assembly Bill No. 2078

With author's amendments with the recommendation: Amend, and re-refer to the committee.

BORDONARO, Chairman

ASSEMBLY BILL NO. 2078—An act to amend Sections 11401, 11402, 11404, 11404.1, and 11405 of, and to add Section 11404.2 to, the Welfare and Institutions Code, relating to public social services, and making an appropriation therefor.

Bill read second time; author's amendments, presented pursuant to Assembly Rules, read and adopted; bill ordered reprinted, and to be re-referred to the committee.

AUTHOR'S AMENDMENTS
Committee on Local Government

March 13, 1996

Mr. Speaker: The Chair of your Committee on Local Government reports:
Assembly Bill No. 2080

With author's amendments with the recommendation: Amend, and re-refer to the committee.

RAINEY, Chairman

ASSEMBLY BILL NO. 2080—An act to amend Section 115915 of the Health and Safety Code, relating to public beaches.

Bill read second time; author's amendments, presented pursuant to Assembly Rules, read and adopted; bill ordered reprinted, and to be re-referred to the committee.

AUTHOR'S AMENDMENTS
**Committee on Consumer Protection, Governmental Efficiency
and Economic Development**

March 13, 1996

Mr. Speaker: The Chair of your Committee on Consumer Protection, Governmental Efficiency and Economic Development reports:

Senate Bill No. 435

With author's amendments with the recommendation: Amend, and re-refer to the committee.

MORRISSEY, Chairman

SENATE BILL NO. 435—An act relating to economic development.

Bill read second time; author's amendments, presented pursuant to Assembly Rules, read and adopted; bill ordered reprinted, and to be re-referred to the committee.

AUTHOR'S AMENDMENTS
**Committee on Consumer Protection, Governmental Efficiency
and Economic Development**

March 13, 1996

Mr. Speaker: The Chair of your Committee on Consumer Protection, Governmental Efficiency and Economic Development reports:

Senate Bill No. 610

With author's amendments with the recommendation: Amend, and re-refer to the committee.

MORRISSEY, Chairman

SENATE BILL NO. 610—An act to add Article 4.6 (commencing with Section 53088.5) to Chapter 1 of Part 1 of Division 2 of Title 5 of the Government Code, relating to consumer contracts.

Bill read second time; author's amendments, presented pursuant to Assembly Rules, read and adopted; bill ordered reprinted, and to be re-referred to the committee.

AUTHOR'S AMENDMENTS
Committee on Utilities and Commerce

March 13, 1996

Mr. Speaker: The Chair of your Committee on Utilities and Commerce reports:
Senate Bill No. 25

With author's amendments with the recommendation: Amend, and re-refer to the committee.

CONROY, Chairman

SENATE BILL NO. 25—An act to add Section 701.2 to the Public Utilities Code, relating to public utilities, and declaring the urgency thereof, to take effect immediately.

Bill read second time; author’s amendments, presented pursuant to Assembly Rules, read and adopted; bill ordered reprinted, and to be re-referred to the committee.

AUTHOR’S AMENDMENTS
Committee on Judiciary

March 13, 1996

Mr. Speaker: The Chair of your Committee on Judiciary reports:
Senate Constitutional Amendment No. 19

With author’s amendments with the recommendation: Amend, and re-refer to the committee.

MORROW, Chairman

SENATE CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT NO. 19—A resolution to propose to the people of the State of California an amendment to the Constitution of the State, by adding Section 18.1 to Article VI thereof, relating to courts.

Resolution read second time; author’s amendments, presented pursuant to Assembly Rules, read and adopted; resolution ordered reprinted, and to be re-referred to the committee.

AUTHOR’S AMENDMENTS
Committee on Education

March 13, 1996

Mr. Speaker: The Chair of your Committee on Education reports:
Assembly Bill No. 2107
Assembly Bill No. 2135

With author’s amendments with the recommendation: Amend, and re-refer to the committee.

BALDWIN, Chairman

ASSEMBLY BILL NO. 2107—An act to amend Section 47605 of the Education Code, relating to charter schools.

Bill read second time; author’s amendments, presented pursuant to Assembly Rules, read and adopted; bill ordered reprinted, and to be re-referred to the committee.

ASSEMBLY BILL NO. 2135—An act to amend Section 47605 of, and to add Section 47608 to, the Education Code, relating to charter schools.

Bill read second time; author’s amendments, presented pursuant to Assembly Rules, read and adopted; bill ordered reprinted, and to be re-referred to the committee.

REPORTS OF STANDING COMMITTEES
Committee on Public Safety

Date of Hearing: March 12, 1996

Mr. Speaker: Your Committee on Public Safety reports:
Assembly Bill No. 2147

With the recommendation: Do pass, and be re-referred to the Committee on Health.

BOLAND, Chairwoman

Above bill re-referred to the Committee on Health.

Date of Hearing: March 12, 1996

Mr. Speaker: Your Committee on Public Safety reports:

Assembly Bill No. 2085

With the recommendation: Do pass, and be re-referred to the Committee on Appropriations with recommendation: To Consent Calendar.

BOLAND, Chairwoman

Above bill re-referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

Date of Hearing: March 12, 1996

Mr. Speaker: Your Committee on Public Safety reports:

Assembly Bill No. 1999

Assembly Bill No. 2087

Assembly Bill No. 2097

With the recommendation: Do pass, and be re-referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

BOLAND, Chairwoman

Above bills re-referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

Date of Hearing: March 12, 1996

Mr. Speaker: Your Committee on Public Safety reports:

Assembly Bill No. 2082

With the recommendation: Do pass.

BOLAND, Chairwoman

Above bill ordered to second reading.

Committee on Human Services

Date of Hearing: March 12, 1996

Mr. Speaker: Your Committee on Human Services reports:

Assembly Bill No. 2050

With the recommendation: Do pass.

Pursuant to the provisions of Joint Rules Nos. 22.1, 22.2, and 22.3, the committee recommends that the above bill be placed on the Consent Calendar.

BORDONARO, Chairman

Above bill ordered to second reading.

SENATE BILLS RETURNED TO SECOND READING FILE PURSUANT TO THE RULES

Pursuant to the Assembly Rules, the following Senate bill was this day on the second reading file:

Senate Bill No. 207, ordered to third reading.

CONSIDERATION OF DAILY FILE SECOND READING OF SENATE BILLS

SENATE BILL NO. 1155—An act to repeal and add Chapter 5.5 (commencing with Section 42300) of Part 3 of Division 30 of the Public Resources Code, relating to solid waste.

Bill read second time, and ordered to third reading.

SENATE BILL NO. 24—An act to amend Section 91013 of, and to add Section 91013.1 to, the Government Code, relating to the Political Reform Act of 1974.

Bill read second time, and ordered to third reading.

SENATE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 13—Relative to public lands.

Resolution read; amendments proposed by the Committee on Natural Resources read and adopted, resolution ordered reprinted and to be placed upon the third reading file.

SENATE BILL NO. 49—An act to add Section 3333.5 to the Civil Code, to add Sections 997.5 and 1141.115 to, to add Chapter 5.6 (commencing with Section 117.110) to Title 1 of Part 1 of, and to add Chapter 2.5 (commencing with Section 997) to Title 14 of Part 2 of, the Code of Civil Procedure, to amend Section 68616 of, and to add and repeal Section 68616.1 of, the Government Code, to amend Sections 11580.1 and 11580.2 of, to add Sections 1871.9, 11580.02, 11580.03, 11580.04, 11580.7, and 11580.71 to, and to add Article 6.59 (commencing with Section 790.60) to Chapter 1 of Part 2 of Division 1 to, the Insurance Code, to amend Section 550 of the Penal Code, and to amend Sections 12810, 16056, 16377, 16430, 16451, 17151, 17709, 20002, and 20003 of, and to add Sections 4750.3, 9250.5, and 16006 to, the Vehicle Code, relating to vehicles.

Bill read second time; amendments proposed by the Committee on Insurance read and adopted, bill ordered reprinted and to be returned to the second reading file.

ENGROSSMENT AND ENROLLMENT REPORTS

Assembly Chamber, March 13, 1996

Mr. Speaker: Pursuant to your instructions, the Chief Clerk has examined:

Assembly Joint Resolution No. 56

And reports the same correctly enrolled, and presented to the Secretary of State on the 13th day of March, 1996, at 2:30 p.m.

E. DOTSON WILSON, Chief Clerk

RESOLUTIONS

The following resolutions were offered:

ASSEMBLY CONCURRENT RESOLUTION NO. 71—**McDonald**. Relative to the Fourth World Conference on Women.

ASSEMBLY CONCURRENT RESOLUTION NO. 72—**Ducheny, Firestone, and McPherson**. Relative to proclaiming the Week of the Community College Administrator.

ASSEMBLY JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 59—**McDonald**. Relative to womens' health.

House Resolution No. 36

By Assembly Member Thompson

*Relative to the Standing Rules of the Assembly
for the 1995-96 Regular Session.*

Resolved by the Assembly of the State of California, That the following Rules be, and the same are hereby, adopted as the Standing Rules of the Assembly for the 1995-96 Regular Session; and be it further

Resolved, That these rules shall govern the operations of the Assembly and shall supersede any and all other rules previously adopted this session.

STANDING RULES OF THE ASSEMBLY

1995-96 REGULAR SESSION

I. LEGISLATIVE ORGANIZATION

Assembly General Officers

1. (a) The general officers of the Assembly are the following:
 - Speaker
 - Speaker pro Tempore
 - Majority Floor Leader
 - Minority Floor Leader
 - Chief Clerk
 - Sergeant at Arms
 - Chaplain

(b) Except for the Majority Floor Leader and the Minority Floor Leader, each officer listed in subdivision (a) shall be elected by a majority vote of the duly elected and qualified Members. The adoption of these rules shall not in and of itself create a vacancy in any of the offices listed in subdivision (a), so that any individual who holds an office listed in subdivision (a) before the time when these rules are adopted shall continue to hold that office upon the adoption of these rules.

(c) The Chief Clerk, subject to the approval of the Committee on Rules, shall determine the names and titles that shall appear on the frontispiece of all publications.

Hours of Meeting

2. The session of the Assembly shall be at a time determined by the Speaker or Speaker pro Tempore, unless otherwise ordered by a majority vote of the Members present and voting.

Speaker to Call Assembly to Order

3. The Speaker, or in his or her absence, the Speaker pro Tempore, shall, at the hour appointed for meeting, call the Assembly to order.

Roll Call and Quorum

4. Before proceeding with the business of the Assembly, both of the following shall be completed:

(1) The roll of the Members shall be called, and the names of those present shall be entered in the Journal. Forty-one Members constitute a quorum.

(2) The presiding officer shall announce the names of all Members who will be absent from that day's session and the reason for their absence.

Assignment of Desks to Members

5. Members shall be assigned to desks by the Committee on Rules.

Organization of Assembly

5.5 For the purposes of the organization of any regular session of the Assembly pursuant to Section 9023 of the Government Code, the Speaker from the previous regular session at the time when the session adjourned sine die, if he or she is reelected to the Assembly, shall be deemed to be the senior member elect.

II. RULES

Adoption of Standing Rules

6. The adoption of the Standing Rules shall require an affirmative recorded vote of a majority of the duly elected and qualified Members. When once adopted, the Standing Rules shall remain in effect, unless suspended or amended as provided in these rules.

Suspension of Rules

7. Any standing rule of the Assembly, except Rule 8, may be suspended temporarily by a vote of two-thirds of the Members present and voting; provided, that the temporary suspension shall

apply only to the matter under immediate consideration, and in no case shall it extend beyond an adjournment.

Amending Standing Rules

8. No standing rule of the Assembly shall be amended except by a resolution adopted by an affirmative recorded vote of a majority of the duly elected and qualified Members.

Mason's Manual

10. In all cases not provided for by the California Constitution, by the Assembly Rules, by the Joint Rules of the Senate and Assembly, or by statute, the authority shall be the latest edition of Mason's Manual.

III. ORGANIZATION OF COMMITTEES

Standing Committees

11. (a) Twenty-six standing committees of the Assembly are hereby created, upon the several subjects, and titled respectively, as follows:

- Agriculture
- Appropriations
- Banking and Finance
- Budget
- Consumer Protection, Governmental Efficiency and Economic Development
- Education
- Elections, Reapportionment and Constitutional Amendments
- Environmental Safety and Toxic Materials
- Governmental Organization
- Health
- Higher Education
- Housing and Community Development
- Human Services
- Insurance
- Judiciary
- Labor and Employment
- Local Government
- Natural Resources
- Public Employees, Retirement and Social Security
- Public Safety
- Revenue and Taxation
- Rules
- Televising the Assembly and Information Technology
- Transportation
- Utilities and Commerce
- Water, Parks and Wildlife

(b) The Committee on Rules may organize additional committees pursuant to the procedure in Rule 12.

Open Meetings

11.3. (a) Except as otherwise provided in this rule, all meetings of the Assembly or a committee thereof shall be open and public, and all persons shall be permitted to attend the meetings. As used in this rule, "meeting" means a gathering of a quorum of the Members of the Assembly or a committee in one place for the purpose of discussing legislative or other official matters within the jurisdiction

of the Assembly or committee. As used in this rule, "committee" includes a standing committee, joint committee, conference committee, subcommittee, select committee, special committee, research committee, or any similar body.

(b) Any meeting that is required to be open and public pursuant to this rule, including any closed session held pursuant to subdivision (c), shall be held only after full and timely notice to the public as provided by the Joint Rules of the Assembly and Senate.

(c) The Assembly or a committee thereof may hold a closed session solely for any of the following purposes:

(1) To consider the appointment, employment, evaluation of performance, or dismissal of a public officer or employee, to consider or hear complaints or charges brought against a Member of the Legislature or other public officer or employee, or to establish the classification or compensation of an employee of the Assembly.

(2) To consider matters affecting the safety and security of Members of the Legislature or its employees or the safety and security of any buildings and grounds used by the Legislature.

(3) To confer with, or receive advice from, its legal counsel regarding pending or reasonably anticipated, or whether to initiate, litigation when discussion in open session would not protect the interests of the Assembly or committee regarding the litigation.

(d) A caucus of the Members of the Assembly which is composed of members of the same political party may meet in closed session.

(e) A closed session may be held pursuant to paragraph (3) of subdivision (c) under any of the following circumstances:

(1) An adjudicatory proceeding before a court, administrative body exercising its adjudicatory authority, hearing officer, or arbitrator, to which the Assembly or a committee, Member, or employee thereof is a party, has been initiated formally.

(2) Based on existing facts and circumstances, a point has been reached where, in the opinion of the Assembly or a committee thereof, on the advice of its legal counsel, litigation against the Assembly or a committee, Member, or employee thereof is reasonably anticipated.

(3) Based on existing facts and circumstances, the Assembly or a committee thereof has decided to initiate or is deciding whether to initiate litigation.

(4) To confer with, or receive advice from, its legal counsel and negotiator prior to the purchase, sale, exchange, or lease of real property by or for the Assembly or a committee regarding the price and terms of payment for the purchase, sale, exchange, or lease.

(f) Prior to holding a closed session pursuant to paragraph (3) of subdivision (c), the presiding officer of the Assembly or the chair of the committee shall state publicly which paragraph of subdivision (c) is applicable. If the closed session is held pursuant to paragraph (1) of subdivision (e), the presiding officer or chair shall state the title of or otherwise specifically identify the litigation to be discussed, unless the presiding officer or chair states that to do so would jeopardize the ability to effectuate service of process upon one or more unserved parties, or that to do so would jeopardize the ability of the Assembly or the committee to conclude existing settlement negotiations to its advantage. If the closed session is held pursuant to paragraph (4) of subdivision (e), the notice of the closed

session shall identify the real property which the negotiations may concern and the person with whom the negotiations may take place.

(g) The legal counsel for the Assembly or the committee shall prepare and submit to the Assembly or the committee a memorandum stating the specific reasons and legal authority for the closed session. If the closed session is held pursuant to paragraph (1) of subdivision (e), the memorandum shall include the title of or other identification of the litigation. If the closed session is held pursuant to paragraph (2), (3), or (4) of subdivision (e), the memorandum shall set forth the existing facts and circumstances on which the closed session is based. The legal counsel shall submit the memorandum to the Assembly or the committee prior to the closed session, if feasible, or, in any case, not later than one week after the closed session. The memorandum shall be exempt from disclosure under the Legislative Open Records Act contained in Article 3.5 (commencing with Section 9070) of Chapter 1.5 of Part 1 of Division 2 of Title 2 of the Government Code.

(h) For purposes of paragraph (3) of subdivision (c), "litigation" includes any adjudicatory proceeding, including eminent domain, before a court, administrative body exercising its adjudicatory authority, hearing officer, or arbitrator.

(i) For purposes of this rule, all expressions of the lawyer-client privilege other than those provided in this section are hereby abrogated. This section is the exclusive expression of the lawyer-client privilege for the purposes of conducting closed-session meetings pursuant to this rule.

(j) Disclosure of a memorandum required under this section shall not be deemed a waiver of the lawyer-client privilege provided for under Article 3 (commencing with Section 950) of Chapter 4 of Division 8 of the Evidence Code.

Conference Committee Meetings

11.4. No Member may attend a meeting of a conference committee considering any bill that is not open to the public.

Assembly Investigating Committees

11.5. (a) The standing committees of the Assembly created pursuant to Rule 11, with the exception of the Committee on Rules, are hereby constituted Assembly investigating committees and are authorized and directed to ascertain, study, and analyze all facts relating to any subjects or matters which the Committee on Rules shall assign to them upon request of the Assembly or upon its own initiative.

(b) Each of the Assembly investigating committees shall consist of the members of the standing committee on the same subject as most recently constituted. The chairperson and vice chairperson shall be the chairperson and vice chairperson of the standing committee. Vacancies occurring in the membership of the committee shall be filled by the Committee on Rules.

(c) Each committee and any subcommittee, and its members, shall have and exercise all the rights, duties and powers conferred upon investigating committees and their members by law and by the provisions of the Joint Rules of the Senate and Assembly and of the Standing Rules of the Assembly as they are adopted and amended

from time to time, which provisions are incorporated herein and made applicable to the committee or subcommittee and their members.

(d) In order to prevent duplication and overlapping of studies between the various investigating committees herein created, no committee shall commence the study of any subject or matter not specifically authorized herein or assigned to it unless and until prior written approval thereof has been obtained from the Committee on Rules.

(e) The Committee on Rules shall provide for the expenses of the above committees and their members and for any charges, expenses, or claims they may incur under this resolution, to be paid from the Assembly Operating Fund and disbursed, after certification by the Chairperson of the Committee on Rules or his or her authorized representative, upon warrants drawn by the Controller upon the State Treasury.

Membership of Standing Committees

12. (a) All standing committees or subcommittees, except the Committee on Rules, shall be organized and the size, jurisdiction, membership, and chairperson and vice chairperson thereof established by a majority of the membership of the Committee on Rules.

(b) The Committee on Rules shall provide for the necessary and reasonable expenses of all committees.

Committee on Rules

13. There is a Committee on Rules, which shall act as the executive committee of the Assembly. The committee shall consist of twelve members, seven, including the chairperson of the committee, to be elected by the registered political party having the largest number of Members in the Assembly, and five to be elected by the registered political party having the second largest number of Members. One alternate member of the Committee on Rules shall each be selected by the majority and minority caucuses. Members so elected shall remain in office until their successors are elected as provided for in these rules.

No member of the Committee on Rules shall simultaneously serve as a chairperson of any standing committee.

Organization of Party Caucuses

13.1. Within two days after the general election held in November of each even-numbered year, the minority and majority caucuses shall meet for the purposes of electing their officers and members of the Committee on Rules for the next regular session. The rules and procedures of each caucus shall be determined by each caucus, but in no way shall they be inconsistent with these rules.

Powers of the Committee on Rules

14. (a) The Committee on Rules shall have the following powers:
- (1) To organize standing committees and subcommittees and to establish a schedule of the time and place for meetings of committees and subcommittees.
 - (2) To refer each bill and house resolution to a committee.
 - (3) To have general direction over the Assembly Chamber and

rooms set aside for the use of the Assembly, including the rooms for use by Members as private offices.

(4) To choose one Chief Administrative Officer.

(5) To allocate all funds, staffing, and other resources necessary for the effective operation of the Assembly.

(6) To appoint all employees of the Assembly not otherwise provided for by statute. It shall have authority to terminate, discipline, establish and modify the terms and conditions of employment of, or suspend, with or without pay, any employee of the Assembly.

(7) To do any and all other things necessary or convenient to enable it fully and adequately to exercise its powers, perform its duties, and accomplish the objects and purposes of these rules.

(8) To adopt additional policies or requirements regarding the use of cameras and other recording equipment at committee hearings or Assembly floor sessions.

(b) The Committee on Rules may delegate powers to the Speaker by a majority vote of the membership of the committee.

Committee on Rules

15. The Committee on Rules shall continue in existence during any recess of the Legislature and after final adjournment and until the convening of the next regular session and shall have the same powers and duties as while the Assembly is in session. In dealing with any matter within its jurisdiction, the committee and its members shall have and exercise all of the rights, duties, and powers conferred upon investigating committees and their members by the Joint Rules of the Senate and Assembly as they are adopted and amended from time to time, which provisions are incorporated herein and made applicable to the Committee on Rules and its members.

Operating Fund Report

15.5. The Committee on Rules shall annually prepare a report to the public of expenditures as required by Section 9131 of the Government Code.

Independent Audit of Operating Funds

15.6. The Committee on Rules shall annually contract for an independent audit of the revenues and expenditures, for each fiscal year, from the Assembly Operating Fund. The organization performing the audit shall be selected by a majority of the membership of the Committee on Rules. The audit shall be prepared in a manner and form to be determined by the organization performing the audit and consistent with generally accepted accounting principles.

The audit shall be completed and made available to the public within 180 calendar days following the completion of the fiscal year for which the audit is performed.

Performance Audit

15.7. The Committee on Rules shall annually contract for a comprehensive performance audit of all Assembly finances and operations. The organization performing the audit shall be selected by a majority of the membership of the Committee on Rules. The audit shall be prepared in a manner and form to be determined by

the organization performing the audit and consistent with generally accepted accounting principles.

All findings and recommendations reported by the auditing firm shall be made available to Members and to the public.

Rules Committee Resolutions

16. The Committee on Rules, acting unanimously by appropriate resolution, on behalf of and in the name of the Assembly, may extend congratulations, commendations, sympathy, or regret to any person, group, or organization, and may authorize the presentation of suitably prepared copies of these resolutions to the persons concerned and to their relatives.

Assembly Operating Fund

17. The Committee on Rules is the committee provided for in Section 9127 of the Government Code. The balance of all money in the Assembly Operating Fund, including money now or hereafter appropriated, except the sums that are specifically made available for the expense of designated committees or for other purposes, is hereby made available to the Committee on Rules for any charges or claims it may incur in carrying out the duties imposed upon it by these rules or by Assembly or concurrent resolution. The money made available by this rule includes the unencumbered balances of all sums heretofore made available to any Assembly or joint committee by the Assembly, upon the expiration of the committee, and shall be expended as provided in these rules.

Expenditures

18. No Member or committee shall be permitted to incur any expense except as authorized pursuant to these rules or the Joint Rules of the Senate and Assembly, or as authorized by the Assembly or the Committee on Rules.

The Committee on Rules shall provide, by rules and regulations, for the manner of authorizing expenditures by Members, committees, and officers and employees of the Assembly, not otherwise authorized by law, these rules, or the Joint Rules of the Senate and Assembly. These rules and regulations shall incorporate a provision whereby construction, alteration, improvement, repair, or maintenance of real or personal property, and the purchase of supplies and equipment, shall be governed by competitive bidding. Further, the rules and regulations shall provide for the payment of expenditures, authorized by these rules and regulations, from the Assembly Operating Fund upon certification of claims therefor to the Controller by the Committee on Rules or its authorized representative.

No Member may be reimbursed for travel outside the State of California without prior approval of the Speaker or the Committee on Rules.

Rules and Regulations Governing Committees

20. All claims for expenses incurred by investigating committees of the Assembly shall be approved by the Committee on Rules, or its authorized representative, before the claims are presented to the Controller.

All proposed expenditures, other than expenditures of the funds of an investigating committee, shall be approved by the Committee on Rules or its authorized representative before the expenses are incurred, unless the expenditure is specifically exempted from the provisions of this rule by the resolution authorizing it.

No warrant shall be drawn in payment of any claim for expenses until the approval of the Committee on Rules, or its authorized representative, has been obtained in accordance with the provisions of this rule.

The Committee on Rules shall adopt rules and regulations governing the awarding of any contract by an investigating committee and shall also adopt rules and regulations limiting the amount, time, and place of expenses and allowances to be paid to employees of Assembly investigating committees or other Assembly committees.

These rules may provide for allowances to committee employees in lieu of actual expenses.

Mileage is an allowance to a committee employee in lieu of actual expenses of travel. When travel is by private conveyance, mileage shall be allowed only to the operator of, and not to passengers in, a private vehicle. Claims for mileage by private conveyance must be accompanied by the license number of the vehicle and the names of state officers and employees riding as passengers.

Copies of all rules and regulations adopted pursuant to this rule shall be distributed to the chairperson of every investigating committee and of any other Assembly committee that has employees.

Fees for Witnesses

21. Each witness summoned to appear before the Assembly or any of its committees shall be reimbursed at a rate set by the Committee on Rules.

Assembly General Research Committee

22. (a) The Assembly General Research Committee is hereby continued as a permanent factfinding committee pursuant to Section 11 of Article IV of the California Constitution. The committee is allocated all subjects within the scope of legislative regulation and control but shall not undertake any investigation which another committee has been specifically requested or directed to undertake. The Assembly General Research Committee may act through subcommittees appointed by the Committee on Rules and these subcommittees may act only on the particular study or investigation assigned by the Committee on Rules to the subcommittees. Each subcommittee shall be known and designated as a select committee. The Speaker is the Chairperson of the Assembly General Research Committee and may be a voting member of any subcommittee. Each member of the Assembly General Research Committee is authorized and directed to receive and investigate requests for legislative action made by individuals or groups and to report thereon to the full committee. The Committee on Rules is authorized to allocate to any subcommittee from the Assembly Operating Fund those sums that the Committee on Rules deems necessary to complete the investigation or study conferred upon that subcommittee. The Committee on Rules shall further

allocate, from time to time, to the Assembly General Research Committee from the Assembly Operating Fund those sums as are necessary to permit the Assembly General Research Committee and the members thereof to carry out the duties imposed on them. The committee has continuous existence until the time that its existence is terminated by a resolution adopted by the Assembly, and the committee is authorized to act both during and between sessions of the Legislature, including any recess.

(b) The committee and its members shall have and exercise all the rights, duties, and powers conferred upon investigating committees and their members by the provisions of the Joint Rules of the Senate and Assembly and of the Standing Rules of the Assembly as they are adopted and amended from time to time at this session, which provisions are incorporated herein and made applicable to the committee and its members.

(c) The committee has the following additional powers and duties:

(1) To contract with other agencies, public or private, that it deems necessary for the rendition and affording of services, facilities, studies, and reports to the committee as will best assist it to carry out the purposes for which it is created.

(2) To cooperate with and secure the cooperation of county, city, city and county, and other local law enforcement agencies in investigating any matter within the scope of this resolution and to direct the sheriff of any county to serve subpoenas, orders, and other process issued by the committee.

(3) To report its findings and recommendations to the Legislature and to the people from time to time and at any time.

(4) To do any and all other things necessary or convenient to enable it fully and adequately to exercise its powers, perform its duties, and accomplish the objects and purposes of this rule.

Assembly Legislative Ethics Committee

22.5. (a) The Assembly Legislative Ethics Committee is hereby created. The committee shall consist of six Members of the Assembly, appointed by the Speaker. Notwithstanding any other rule of the Assembly, three members of the committee shall be from the registered political party having the largest number of Members in the Assembly and three members shall be from the registered political party having the second largest number of Members. Any temporary or permanent vacancy on the committee shall be filled by a member from the same registered political party. All appointments, including appointments to fill permanent or temporary vacancies, of members from the registered political party having the second largest number of Members shall be made from a list of nominees that the Minority Floor Leader provides to the Speaker. The Speaker shall designate one member of the committee from the registered political party having the largest number of Members in the Assembly and one member of the committee from the registered political party having the second largest number of Members to serve as co-chairs of the committee. The Speaker shall designate one of the co-chairs to serve as the presiding officer at any meeting or hearing conducted by the committee.

(b) The provisions of this rule, and of Rule 11.5 related to investigating committees, shall apply to the committee and shall govern its proceedings.

Prior to the issuance of any subpoena by the committee with respect to any matter before the committee, it shall, by a resolution adopted by the committee pursuant to a vote in accordance with subdivision (n), define the nature and scope of its investigation in the matter before it.

(c) Funds for the support of the committee shall be provided from the Assembly Operating Fund in the same manner that those funds are made available to other committees of the Assembly.

(d) (1) The committee shall have the power, pursuant to this rule and Article 3 (commencing with Section 8940) of Chapter 1 of Part 1 of Division 2 of Title 2 of the Government Code, to investigate and make findings and recommendations concerning violations by Members of the Assembly of any provision of Article 2 (commencing with Section 8920) of Chapter 1 of Part 1 of Division 2 of Title 2 of the Government Code or of any other provision of law or legislative rule that governs the conduct of Members of the Assembly, hereafter collectively referred to as "standards of conduct."

(2) The committee may, on its own action pursuant to a vote in accordance with subdivision (n), initiate an investigation of a Member of the Assembly.

(e) Any person may file with the committee a verified complaint in writing which shall state the name of the Member of the Assembly alleged to have violated any standard of conduct, and which shall set forth the particulars thereof with sufficient clarity and detail to enable the committee to make a determination. The person filing the complaint thereafter shall be designated the complainant.

If a verified complaint is filed with the committee, the committee promptly shall send a copy of the complaint to the Member of the Assembly alleged to have committed the violation complained of, who thereafter shall be designated the respondent.

No complaint may be filed with the committee after the expiration of 12 months from the date upon which the violation allegedly occurred.

(f) (1) If the committee determines that the verified complaint does not allege facts, directly or upon information and belief, sufficient to constitute a violation of any standard of conduct, it shall dismiss the complaint and so notify the complainant and respondent.

(2) (i) If the committee determines that the verified complaint does allege facts, directly or upon information and belief, sufficient to constitute a violation of any standard of conduct, the committee promptly shall investigate the alleged violation and if, after this preliminary investigation, the committee finds that reasonable cause exists for believing the allegations of the complaint, it shall fix a time for a hearing in the matter, which shall be not more than 30 days after that finding. The committee may, however, seek an extension of this period, not to exceed an additional 30 days, which may be granted by a majority vote of the Committee on Rules.

(ii) If, after preliminary investigation, the committee does not find that reasonable cause exists for believing the allegations of the complaint, the committee shall dismiss the complaint. In either

event, the committee shall notify the complainant and the respondent of its determination.

(3) The committee shall make its determination under paragraph (1) or (2) of this subdivision, pursuant to a vote in accordance with subdivision (n), not later than 90 days after first receiving a complaint that satisfies subdivision (e). The committee may, however, seek an extension, not to exceed 30 days, which may be granted by a majority vote of the membership of the Committee on Rules. If the committee has requested a law enforcement agency to investigate the complaint or if the committee knows the complaint is being investigated by a law enforcement agency, the time limits set forth in this subdivision shall be tolled until the investigation is completed.

(4) The committee's determination under paragraph (1) or (2) of this subdivision shall be stated in writing, with reasons given therefor, and shall be provided to the Assembly, and, in cases concerning alleged violations of Article 2 (commencing with Section 8920) of Chapter 1 of Part 1 of Division 2 of Title 2 of the Government Code, shall be provided to the Attorney General, the Fair Political Practices Commission, and the district attorney of the county in which the violation allegedly occurred. This written determination is a public record and is open to public inspection.

(5) Any deliberations of the committee from the time of receipt of a complaint until it decides to dismiss the complaint or to set a hearing shall not be open to the public unless the respondent requests a public meeting.

(g) After the complaint has been filed, the respondent shall be entitled to examine and make copies of all evidence in the possession of the committee relating to the complaint.

(h) If a hearing is held pursuant to subdivision (f), the committee, before the hearing has commenced, shall issue subpoenas and subpoenas duces tecum at the request of any party in accordance with Chapter 4 (commencing with Section 9400) of Part 1 of Division 2 of Title 2 of the Government Code. All of the provisions of that chapter, except Section 9410 of the Government Code, shall apply to the committee and the witnesses before it.

(i) At any hearing held by the committee:

(1) Oral evidence shall be taken on oath or affirmation.

(2) Each party shall have these rights: to be represented by legal counsel; to call and examine witnesses; to introduce exhibits; and to cross-examine opposing witnesses.

(3) The hearing shall be open to the public.

(j) Any official or other person whose name is mentioned at any investigation or hearing of the committee, and who believes that testimony has been given that adversely affects him or her, shall have the right to testify or, at the discretion of the committee, to testify under oath relating solely to the material relevant to the testimony of which he or she complains.

(k) The committee shall have 15 days following the hearing within which to deliberate and reach its final determination on the matter as follows:

(1) If the committee finds that the respondent has not violated any standard of conduct, it shall order the action dismissed, shall notify the respondent and complainant thereof, and, in cases

concerning alleged violations of Article 2 (commencing with Section 8920) of Chapter 1 of Part 1 of Division 2 of Title 2 of the Government Code, shall transmit a copy of the complaint and the fact of dismissal to the Attorney General, the Fair Political Practices Commission, and to the district attorney of the appropriate county. The complaint and the fact of dismissal transmitted pursuant to this paragraph are public records and open to public inspection.

(2) If the committee finds that the respondent has violated any standard of conduct, it shall state its findings of fact and submit a report thereon to the Assembly. This report shall be accompanied by a House Resolution, authored by the committee, which shall be introduced at the Chief Clerk's desk and then referred by the Committee on Rules to the Ethics Committee. The House Resolution shall include a statement of the committee's findings and the committee's recommendation for disciplinary action. Within seven days, the committee shall adopt the final form of the House Resolution and report it to the Assembly for placement on the Daily File. The committee also shall send a copy of those findings and report to the complainant and respondent, and, in cases concerning alleged violations of Article 2 (commencing with Section 8920) of Chapter 1 of Part 1 of Division 2 of Title 2 of the Government Code, shall report thereon to the Attorney General, the Fair Political Practices Commission, and to the district attorney of the appropriate county. The report submitted pursuant to this paragraph is a public record and open to public inspection.

After the receipt of a copy of the committee's final report and House Resolution, the Assembly expeditiously shall take appropriate action with respect to the respondent.

(l) The filing of a complaint with the committee pursuant to this rule suspends the running of the statute of limitations applicable to any violation of any standard of conduct alleged in the substance of that complaint while the complaint is pending.

(m) The committee shall maintain a record of its investigations, inquiries, and proceedings. All records, complaints, documents, reports filed with or submitted to or made by the committee, and all records and transcripts of any investigations, inquiries, or hearings of the committee under this rule shall be deemed confidential and shall not be open to inspection, without the express permission of the committee, by any person other than a member of the committee, or an employee of the committee or other state employee designated to assist the committee, except as otherwise specifically provided in this rule. The committee may, by adoption of a resolution, authorize the release to the Attorney General or a district attorney of the appropriate county of any information, records, complaints, documents, reports, and transcripts in its possession that are material to any matter pending before the Attorney General or that district attorney. All matters presented at a public hearing of the committee and all reports of the committee stating a final finding of fact pursuant to subdivision (k) shall be public records and open to public inspection. Any employee of the committee who divulges any matter that is deemed to be confidential by this subdivision shall be subject to discipline by the Committee on Rules.

(n) The committee may take any action authorized by this rule only upon the vote of not less than two members from the registered

political party having the largest number of Members in the Assembly and two members from the registered political party having the second largest number of Members. Any vacancy on the committee shall not reduce the votes required to take action.

(o) The committee may render advisory opinions to Members of the Assembly with respect to the standards of conduct and their application and construction. The committee may secure an opinion from the Legislative Counsel for this purpose or issue its own opinion. Any committee advisory opinion shall be prepared by committee members or staff and shall be adopted by the committee pursuant to subdivision (n).

(p) The committee shall conduct, at least semiannually, an orientation course on the relevant statutes and regulations governing official conduct. The curriculum and presentation of the course shall be established by the Committee on Rules.

The committee, in consultation with the Fair Political Practices Commission, shall conduct, at least annually, an orientation course on the relevant ethical issues and laws relating to lobbying. The committee shall impose fees on lobbyists for attending this course at an amount that will enable lobbyists' participation to the fullest extent possible.

At least once each biennial session, each Member of the Assembly and each designated employee of the Assembly shall attend one of these courses.

Printing of Committee Reports

23. All requests for the printing of reports of Assembly committees shall be referred to the Committee on Rules. The Committee on Rules shall determine the number of copies needed and whether or not the report shall be printed in the Journal. In no event shall more than 1,000 copies of any committee report be authorized by the Committee on Rules on the first printing, exclusive of the Journal copies, if the report is to be printed therein, unless the Committee on Rules finds and determines that there is a special need for that report in greater numbers.

Upon determination by the Committee on Rules that additional copies of an Assembly committee report are required at any time following the first printing of the authorized number of copies, the Committee on Rules may authorize one or more additional printings in the numbers found by it to be necessary and may make funds available therefor.

No Assembly committee report shall contain more than 100 pages, including the front and back cover thereof and any appendix, unless a greater number of pages has been approved and authorized by the Committee on Rules.

Assembly Employees

24. Every employee who works for a committee of the Assembly or a subcommittee of a committee, for a Member of the Assembly, for the Chief Clerk's office, or for the Sergeant at Arms, is an employee of the Assembly. All employees of the Assembly serve at the pleasure of the Assembly and the terms and conditions of their employment

may be modified, or their employment may be terminated at will, at any time and without notice, by the Committee on Rules.

Every applicant for employment by the Assembly shall prepare a formal application for employment on forms prescribed by the Committee on Rules. The application shall include a statement of his or her present employment, his or her employment during the preceding two years, and other pertinent information that the Committee on Rules may require. The application shall be certified under penalty of perjury, and any willful false statement or omission of a material fact shall be punishable as perjury. If the application discloses any fact that indicates that the applicant has a personal interest that would conflict with the faithful performance of his or her duties, the applicant shall not be employed. All applications shall be retained in the records of the committee.

Every employee shall complete the Assembly ethics course in the first six months of his or her employment. Thereafter, every employee shall take the course in the first six months of every legislative session.

No employee shall engage in any outside business activity or outside employment that is inconsistent, incompatible, or in conflict with his or her functions or responsibilities as an employee of the Assembly. Any employee who engages in any outside business activity or employment that is in any way related to his or her functions or responsibilities as an employee shall promptly notify the Committee on Rules of that business activity or employment.

Press Representatives

25. Accredited press representatives may not be excluded from any public legislative meeting or hearing and may not be prohibited from taking photographs, televising, or recording the committee or house hearings, subject to the following conditions:

1. This rule shall extend to all public legislative meetings.
2. Lights shall be used only when cameras are filming, and, when possible, proceedings in hearing rooms and the Chamber will be filmed without lights.
3. Every effort should be made to set up filming equipment before hearings or sessions begin, whenever possible.
4. The committee chairperson or Speaker of the Assembly shall be notified, as far in advance of the proceedings as possible, that recordings and television cameras will be present and filming.
5. To the extent practical, flash cameras shall not be used.
6. Photographs shall be taken in an orderly and expeditious manner so as to cause the least possible inconvenience to the committee or to the Members in the Chamber.

IV. ASSEMBLY FUNCTIONS

A. Duties of Assembly Officers Duties of the Speaker

26. (a) The Speaker is responsible for the efficient conduct of the legislative and administrative affairs of the Assembly, so as to carry out the decisions and directives of the Committee on Rules. The Speaker shall be elected upon the organization of the Assembly at

the beginning of each regular session and shall serve until his or her successor is elected in accordance with the provisions of Section 9023 of the Government Code, unless removed earlier and a successor chosen pursuant to the rules of the Assembly.

(b) The Speaker shall possess the powers and perform the duties prescribed as follows:

(1) To preserve order and decorum; he or she may speak to points of order in preference to the other Members, rising from his or her chair for that purpose.

(2) To decide all questions of order subject to appeal to the Assembly by any Member. On every appeal, he or she shall have the right to assign his or her reason for his or her decision.

(3) To name any Member to perform the duties of the Speaker, but those substitutions shall not extend beyond adjournment.

(4) To approve special meetings of standing committees or subcommittees at a time different from the schedule established by the Committee on Rules.

(5) To have general control and direction over the Journals, papers, and bills of the Assembly.

(6) To act as Chairperson of the Committee of the Whole.

(7) To order the Lobby and Gallery cleared whenever he or she shall deem it necessary.

(8) To authenticate by his or her signature, when necessary, or when required by law, all bills, memorials, resolutions, orders, proceedings, writs, warrants, and subpoenas issued by order of the Assembly.

(9) The Speaker shall be ex officio member of all Assembly and joint committees with all of the rights and privileges of that membership, except the right to vote. In counting a quorum of any of those committees, the Speaker shall not be counted as a member.

(10) The Speaker shall, at each regular session, appoint a Member of the Assembly to serve on the Judicial Council pursuant to Section 6 of Article VI of the California Constitution.

Funerals and Other Ceremonies and Events

27. The Speaker may designate any one or more of the Members of the Assembly as the representatives of the Assembly to attend funerals and other ceremonies and events in appropriate circumstances. The Members so designated shall receive their expenses as provided in Joint Rule 35.

Duties of the Speaker pro Tempore

28. The Speaker pro Tempore shall perform those duties assigned by the Speaker, including the responsibility of presiding over sessions of the Assembly and advising the Members on parliamentary procedures of the house.

Majority Floor Leader

29. The Majority Floor Leader shall be elected by the caucus of the registered political party having the largest number of Members in the Assembly.

It shall be his or her duty to make those appropriate motions, points of order, or other arrangements that may be necessary to expedite the proceedings of the Assembly and he or she shall be

responsible for the presentation of all matters which relate to the order of business, and to the promotion of harmony among the membership.

Minority Floor Leader

30. The Minority Floor Leader shall be elected by the caucus of the registered party having the second largest number of Members in the Assembly.

Caucus Chairpersons

31. The chairperson of the caucus of the majority party and the chairperson of the caucus of the minority party shall perform those duties that are prescribed by their respective party caucuses.

Chief Clerk

32. The Chief Clerk of the Assembly shall have the following duties, powers, and responsibilities:

(a) To be charged with the responsibility of the keeping of the bills, papers, and records of the proceedings and actions of the Assembly and to have charge of the publication and distribution of those publications related thereto.

(b) To supervise Assembly employees engaged in duties related to subdivision (a) above.

(c) To act as Parliamentarian of the Assembly and to advise the officers of the Assembly and the Committee on Rules on parliamentary procedure and the Rules of the Assembly when called upon to do so.

(d) To prepare all bills, resolutions, histories, journals, and related publications for printing.

(e) To refuse to permit any bills, papers, or records to be removed from his or her office or out of his or her custody, except upon duly signed receipts from persons authorized.

(f) To mail, before the commencement of each regular session of the Legislature, to each Member a blank form on which the Member may indicate his or her committee preferences. Accompanying the blank form shall be mailed a stamped envelope addressed to the Chief Clerk of the Assembly for returning the form. After their receipt, all those communications shall be held by the Chief Clerk of the Assembly and the information contained in the forms shall be forwarded to the Committee on Rules.

(g) To perform those other duties that are prescribed by law or the Committee on Rules.

(h) To make technical changes in measures and amendments pending before the Assembly. The Chief Clerk shall notify the Speaker and the author of the measure of any such change.

(i) To compare all bills, ordered or considered engrossed by the Assembly, with the engrossed copies thereof; and, before they pass out of the possession of the Assembly, to see that the engrossed bill is a true copy of the original, with those amendments that may have been made thereto; and to see that all engrossed bills are reported back in the order in which they were ordered engrossed.

(j) To assist the Committee on Rules, upon its request, in recommending the reference of bills to the appropriate standing committee.

The Assistant Chief Clerk shall have the powers and perform the duties of the Chief Clerk during his or her absence.

Sergeant at Arms

33. The Sergeant at Arms shall have the following duties, powers, and responsibilities:

(a) To attend the Assembly during its session, preserve order, announce all official messengers, and serve all process issued by authority of the Assembly and directed by the Speaker; he or she shall receive his or her actual expenses for himself or herself or for an assistant when executing any process.

(b) To see that no person is admitted to the Assembly Chamber except in accordance with the provisions of these rules.

(c) To have general supervision over the Assistant Sergeants at Arms and be responsible for their official acts and their performance of and regular attendance upon their duties.

(d) To execute all commands of the Speaker.

(e) To perform all other duties pertaining to his or her office as prescribed by law or Assembly rule.

The Chief Assistant Sergeant at Arms shall have the powers and perform the duties of the Sergeant at Arms during his or her absence.

Filling Interim Vacancies—Assembly Elected Officers

34. In the event a vacancy in any office, except Speaker, elected by the membership of the Assembly occurs during joint recesses, the Committee on Rules shall fill the office until the session reconvenes. If a vacancy occurs in the office of the Speaker during a joint recess, the Committee on Rules shall notify the membership within 15 days from the time the vacancy occurs and shall call a caucus of the membership of the Assembly for the purpose of filling the vacancy. This caucus shall be held at the State Capitol within 30 days from the time the vacancy occurs. Notice of the caucus shall be in writing and shall be mailed not less than 10 days prior to the meeting of the caucus. If the Committee on Rules fails to act within 15 days from the time the vacancy in the office of Speaker occurs, the Chief Clerk of the Assembly shall act in its place following the procedure set forth in this rule. Any person selected to fill any vacancy pursuant to this rule shall hold the office until the session reconvenes.

An affirmative recorded vote of a majority of the duly elected and qualified Members shall be required for the selection by the Assembly caucus of a person to fill a vacancy pursuant to this rule. The procedure for selecting the Speaker at the caucus shall be the same as the procedure required for the election of the Speaker at a session.

B. Printing

Authority for Printing

35. The State Printer shall not charge any printing or other work to the Assembly other than provided by law or Assembly rule, except upon a written order signed by the Chief Clerk of the Assembly or the Chief Administrative Officer of the Assembly. All invoices for printing furnished to the Assembly shall be itemized and rendered

by the State Printer within 30 days after completion of the printing. When necessary, the Chief Clerk of the Assembly or the Chief Administrative Officer of the Assembly may order certain printed matter completed in advance of its regular order by the issuance of a rush order.

Ordering of Printing

36. The Chief Clerk is authorized and shall have the responsibility for ordering printing of bills, resolutions, journals, daily files, histories, and related documents.

The Chief Clerk of the Assembly, or the Chief Administrative Officer of the Assembly, shall order other printing as directed or authorized by the Committee on Rules, and the written order for that printing shall be countersigned by the Speaker or a person designated by the Speaker. The Chief Clerk of the Assembly or the Chief Administrative Officer of the Assembly shall also order other printing as directed or authorized by resolution or motion of the Assembly.

Printing Assembly History and Legislative Handbook

37. During the session, the Chief Clerk shall cause to be printed and placed upon each Member's desk prior to convening on Monday of each week a complete history showing all actions taken upon each measure up to and including the legislative day preceding its issuance. For each legislative day intervening between the issuance of the Weekly History, there shall be printed a Daily Supplemental History showing only actions taken upon any measure since the issuance of the preceding Weekly History.

The Chief Clerk of the Assembly shall, as soon as practicable, in each even-numbered year, commence to compile a legislative manual or handbook, pursuant to Section 9740 of the Government Code.

V. LEGISLATIVE PROCEDURE

Order of Business

40. The order of business of the Assembly shall be as follows:
 1. Roll Call
 2. Prayer by the Chaplain
 3. Reading of the Previous Day's Journal
 4. Presentation of Petitions
 5. Introduction and Reference of Bills
 6. Reports of Committees
 7. Messages From the Governor
 8. Messages From the Senate
 9. Motions and Resolutions
 10. Business on the Daily File
 11. Announcements
 12. Adjournment

Pledging of Allegiance to the Flag

41. At each session, following the prayer by the Chaplain, the Members of the Assembly and its officers and employees present in the Assembly Chamber shall pledge their allegiance to the Flag of the United States of America. The Speaker shall invite guests present

in the Assembly Chamber to join in the pledge of allegiance to the Flag of the United States of America.

Reading and Correcting Journals

42. (a) The reading of the Journal of the previous day may be dispensed with on motion by a majority vote of the Members present and voting.

(b) All journals of the Assembly shall be corrected by the Minute Clerk and delivered to the Chief Clerk.

(c) A motion to correct any day's Journal or to print a letter in the Journal shall always be in order and shall require a majority vote of the Members present and voting.

Presentation of Petitions

43. Whenever petitions, memorials, or other papers are presented by a Member, a brief statement of the contents thereof may be made verbally by the introducer. Petitions are not debatable and shall be filed, or be referred to a committee as the Speaker shall determine. Receipt of that presentation and its disposition shall be noted in the Journal.

Upon receipt of a petition for the impeachment of any person subject to impeachment by the Legislature, the Speaker shall, without comment or debate, forthwith refer the petition to committee.

Messages From the Governor

44. Messages from the Governor shall be delivered to the Chief Clerk or an assistant, and shall be read and ordered printed in the Journal unless otherwise ordered by an affirmative recorded vote of 54 or more Members.

Messages From the Senate

45. Messages from the Senate shall be delivered to the Chief Clerk or an assistant, and shall be read and ordered printed in the Journal. The Committee on Rules shall refer each bill to a committee, unless upon a motion the Assembly by an affirmative recorded vote of 41 or more Members shall refer it to some other committee. The action to refer a bill shall not be debatable. The reference shall be entered in the Journal. Assembly bills that have been passed without amendment by the Senate shall be ordered to enrollment.

An Assembly bill amended by the Senate shall be placed upon the unfinished business file but shall not be eligible to be acted upon until it is on the unfinished business file for one legislative day, except that when the Assembly bill is placed upon the unfinished business file during the last two legislative days preceding (1) the January 31 bill passage deadline as specified by Section 10 of Article IV of the California Constitution, (2) the scheduled commencement of the interim study recess, or (3) the scheduled commencement of the final recess as specified by the joint rules, it may be acted upon immediately.

Guests of the Assembly

45.5. Nothing in these rules shall prevent the Speaker or Speaker pro Tempore from permitting the introduction of a special guest or guests.

A. Bills and Resolutions**Bills Defined**

46. (a) Whenever the word "bill" is used in these rules, it includes a constitutional amendment, a concurrent resolution, and a joint resolution, except as otherwise specifically provided.

(b) A concurrent resolution and a joint resolution, other than a resolution ratifying proposed amendments to the United States Constitution and a resolution calling for a constitutional convention, shall be treated in all respects as a bill except as follows:

(1) It shall be given only one formal reading.

(2) It shall not be deemed a bill within the meaning of subdivision (a) of Section 8 of Article IV of the California Constitution.

Introduction and Reference of Bills

47. Each bill shall be signed by each Member who is an author or coauthor of the bill before it is introduced. If any bill is introduced which does not contain the signature of its author or coauthor, the same, on motion of the Member whose name appears thereon without that signature, shall be stricken from the file by an affirmative recorded vote of 41 or more Members. In each legislative session, on the first day when bills are introduced under "Introduction and Reference of Bills," the roll shall be called from A to Z, and as each Member's name is called, the Member may introduce one bill, constitutional amendment, concurrent or joint resolution. After this roll call, the preprint bills shall be introduced in numerical order.

After the introduction of preprinted bills, and subject to the provisions of the Joint Rules, any Member desiring to introduce bills, constitutional amendments, concurrent and joint resolutions may at any time during a session send the same to the Chief Clerk's desk.

When received at the Chief Clerk's desk it shall, under the proper order of business, be numbered, read the first time, be printed, referred to a standing committee, and a copy placed upon the desk of each Member before final passage.

All bills, constitutional amendments, concurrent and joint resolutions introduced before the standing committees of the Assembly are appointed, shall be referred to committees, references to take effect when the committees shall be appointed.

Any committee may introduce a bill germane to any subject within the proper consideration of the committee in the same manner as any Member. No committee bill may be introduced unless it contains the signatures of a majority of all the members, including the chairperson, of the committee. If all the members of a committee sign the bill, at the option of the committee chairperson, the committee members' names need not appear as authors in the heading of the printed bill.

Limitation on the Introduction of Bills

49. (a) A Member may introduce not more than 30 bills in the regular session.

(b) This rule shall not apply to a constitutional amendment, any type of resolution, or a bill introduced by a committee pursuant to Rule 47.

(c) This rule may be suspended with respect to a particular bill by approval of the Committee on Rules.

Reference of Bills to Committee

51. Except as otherwise provided in this rule, the Committee on Rules shall refer each bill to a committee by a majority vote of the membership of the committee, unless upon a motion the Assembly by an affirmative recorded vote of 41 or more Members shall refer it to some other committee. A motion to refer a bill shall not be debatable, except as to the propriety of the motion, and it shall not open the main question to debate.

The Committee on Rules may require that, if a bill is reported out of the committee to which it has been referred, it shall be re-referred to another committee that shares jurisdiction of the subject matter of the bill.

Spot Bills

51.5. A bill which upon introduction makes no substantive change in or addition to existing law and which would not otherwise affect the ongoing operations of state and local government, except a bill stating legislative intent to make necessary statutory changes to implement the Budget Bill, may not be referred to a committee by the Committee on Rules. If the author subsequently proposes to the Committee on Rules to make substantive changes in the bill as introduced, the Committee on Rules may refer the bill to a committee, together with the proposed changes for consideration as author's amendments. A vote on passage of the bill may not be taken, however, until the bill with its amendments, if adopted, has been in print for at least 15 days.

Delivery of Bills to State Printer

52. After introduction and first reading, all bills shall be delivered to the State Printer.

Introduction of House Resolutions

53. All house resolutions shall be numbered and shall be referred to the appropriate committee by the Committee on Rules.

Each house resolution shall be signed by each Member who is an author or coauthor of the house resolution before it is introduced.

Resolutions by Member

54. A concurrent resolution or a house resolution may be introduced relating to a present or former state or federal elected official or a member of their immediate families. Other resolutions for the purpose of commendation or congratulation of any person, group, or organization, or for the purpose of expressing sympathy, regret, or sorrow on the death of any person, shall be prepared as a Rules Committee Resolution and presented to the committee for appropriate action.

The Committee on Rules may approve exceptions to this rule for house resolutions. The Chief Clerk shall not accept for introduction any house resolution that is contrary to this rule unless it is accompanied by the approval of the Committee on Rules.

B. Standing Committee Functions**Standing Committee Rules**

55. Subject to the Joint Rules of the Senate and Assembly, the Rules of the Assembly shall govern the conduct of all committee and subcommittee meetings.

Meetings of Standing Committees and Subcommittees

56. All standing committees and subcommittees shall meet at the hour and place provided by the schedule established by the Committee on Rules, unless permission for a different hearing time is granted by the Speaker. No committee or subcommittee shall meet during any session of the Assembly, nor shall any Member of the Assembly attend a conference committee meeting on any bill during any session of the Assembly, without first obtaining permission from the Assembly.

When an unscheduled meeting of a standing committee or subcommittee has been so ordered, the meeting shall convene in an area which is readily accessible to the public and the Assembly shall take care that every effort is made to inform the public that a meeting has been called. An unscheduled meeting of a committee or subcommittee shall not be held in the Assembly Chamber.

No bills shall be set for hearing nor shall any notice thereof be published by any Assembly committee or subcommittee until that bill has been referred to the committee or subcommittee. Nothing in this paragraph shall prevent a committee or subcommittee from acting with regard to a bill referred to it where the only action taken is to cause the bill to be reported to the Assembly with the recommendation that amendments be adopted and the bill be reprinted as amended and re-referred to the committee or subcommittee.

The several standing committees and subcommittees and their chairpersons are directed to adopt a procedure which assures that no committee or subcommittee shall commence the hearing of any bill after the hour of six o'clock p.m. at an afternoon meeting of the committee or subcommittee or after the hour of 11 o'clock p.m. at an evening meeting, but the hearings on a bill commenced prior thereto may be continued thereafter for that period of time that the committee or subcommittee deems necessary.

The several standing committees and subcommittees and their chairpersons may adopt a procedure under which bills are scheduled for hearing on the basis of like subject matter groupings.

Committee Analyses

56.5. Except as otherwise provided in this rule, each standing committee and subcommittee shall prepare an analysis of every bill it has set for hearing, which shall be available to the public in the office of the committee or subcommittee one working day prior to the date on which the hearing is to be held. In the case of special meetings, or in the case of meetings of the Committee on Appropriations or the Committee on Budget, or their subcommittees, the analysis shall be available to the public at the beginning of the hearing. No question concerning a committee's compliance with this rule with regard to any bill shall be in order following a vote on passage of the bill in that committee. As used in

this rule, a "working day" is any day on which a house file is published.

A copy of each committee analysis shall be transmitted by the committee secretary to the Assembly Floor Analysis Unit at the same time it is made available to the public.

Committee Consultants: Floor Analyses

56.6. Except as otherwise provided in this rule, the consultants of a standing committee or subcommittee are responsible for monitoring bills assigned to their respective committee or subcommittee throughout the entire legislative process. Except for resolutions and bills on the Consent Calendar, a consultant of the appropriate standing committee shall prepare, in a timely fashion, an analysis of every bill on third reading or the unfinished business file, and of any amendment to a bill that is on the Assembly Floor, as directed by the Assembly Floor Analysis Unit.

The committee consultant who prepares the analysis shall transmit a copy of the completed analysis to the Assembly Floor Analysis Unit. The Assembly Floor Analysis Unit is responsible for final editing for grammar and format of all floor analyses.

Consent Calendar

56.7. If the chairperson of a committee or subcommittee, in advance of a hearing, proposes to recommend any bills for consideration on the Consent Calendar without hearing testimony on those bills in committee, a list of those bills shall be made available to the public at the same time as the committee analysis required under Rule 56.5.

Committee Quorum

57. Except as otherwise provided in this rule, a majority of the membership of any standing committee shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of its business, including the decision to recommend the adoption of any amendments to any bill. A majority of the membership of the committee, or a subcommittee thereof, shall be required to report a bill out of the committee or subcommittee, respectively. Any vacancy on a standing committee shall not reduce the votes required to take action on a bill in that committee.

Whenever a member is disqualified pursuant to the provisions of Joint Rule 44 or the Political Reform Act of 1974, contained in Title 9 (commencing with Section 81000) of the Government Code, from voting or taking any other action related to the passage, defeat, or amendment of a bill in committee, that disqualification shall be treated the same as a vacancy. The member shall advise the chairperson of a disqualification and the chairperson shall announce which members are so disqualified at the commencement of the hearing on the bill.

Reconsideration

57.1. After a committee has voted on a bill, reconsideration may be granted only one time. Pursuant to subdivision (a) of Joint Rule 62, reconsideration may be granted within 15 legislative days or prior to the interim study joint recess, whichever occurs first. A vote on reconsideration may not be taken without the same notice required to set a bill for hearing unless that vote is taken at the same

meeting at which the vote to be reconsidered was taken and the author is present. No action taken by a committee may be reconsidered except by a majority vote of the membership of the committee.

Bills Reported Back to Assembly

58. All committees shall act upon bills referred to them as soon as practicable, and when acted upon each bill shall be reported back to the Assembly forthwith, and the chairperson of each committee is charged with the observance of this rule. The chairperson of each committee shall, insofar as practicable, report back bills in the same order as they were acted upon by the committee.

Appropriations Suspense File

58.2. The Committee on Appropriations may maintain a suspense file, to which bills may be referred by vote of a majority of the members of the committee present and voting, pending further consideration by the committee. A bill may be taken off the suspense file and heard, upon two days' notice published in the file, by a vote of a majority of the members of the committee present and voting. A bill removed from the suspense file for the purpose of amendment only, pursuant to Rule 68, shall be re-referred to the committee and shall be placed on the suspense file pending further consideration by the committee.

Voting in Committee

58.5. When a standing committee or subcommittee takes action on a bill, including reconsideration, the vote shall be by roll call vote only. All roll call votes taken in a standing committee or subcommittee shall be recorded by the committee secretary on forms provided by the Chief Clerk of the Assembly. The record of a roll call vote shall show for each proposal voted upon: all votes for and against, all members absent, and all members not voting. The chairperson of each standing committee or subcommittee shall promptly transmit a copy of the record of the roll call votes to the Chief Clerk of the Assembly, who shall cause the votes to be published in an appendix to the Journal on a monthly basis.

The committee secretary of each standing committee or subcommittee shall promptly transmit a copy of the record of the roll call votes to the Assembly Floor Analysis Unit.

A member may submit a written explanation of his or her vote, absence, or failure to vote on any bill or resolution, and shall have that explanation printed in the appendix to the Journal in the appropriate place, provided that explanation shall not exceed 50 words in length.

At the request of the author or any member of the committee, the committee shall hold the roll open on any Assembly bill until the adjournment of the committee meeting. At no time shall a bill be passed out by a committee without a quorum being present.

The provisions of this rule shall not apply to any of the following:

- (a) Adoption of author's amendments to a bill.
- (b) Withdrawal of a bill from a committee calendar at the request of an author.
- (c) Return of bills to the house where the bills have not been voted on by the committee.

(d) Votes of subcommittees of the Committee on Budget when considering the Budget Bill.

(e) Votes of the Committee on Rules when referring bills to committees.

Subject Matter of Bill Recommended for Interim Study

59. Whenever it is the decision of a standing committee that a bill referred to that committee shall not be given a do-pass recommendation but that the subject matter of the bill should be referred for study, that standing committee shall retain the bill in its possession and report its recommendation to the Assembly that the subject matter of the bill be referred to the Committee on Rules for assignment by it of the subject matter to an appropriate committee.

Nothing in this rule shall be construed to prohibit a committee from subsequently reporting the bill to the Assembly with a do-pass or do-pass as amended recommendation or from reporting it out of committee without further action on the final day of the session.

Committee Chairperson as Author

60. No chairperson of a standing committee shall preside at a committee hearing to consider a bill of which he or she is the sole author or the lead author, except that the Chairperson of the Committee on Budget may preside at the hearing of the Budget Bill by the Committee on Budget.

Reports of Committees

61. Specially prepared reports of standing and special committees shall be delivered to the Chief Clerk or an assistant, and shall be read and ordered printed in the Journal unless otherwise ordered by the Speaker or a majority vote of the Members present and voting.

When a report of a joint legislative committee is delivered to the Assembly Desk, the Speaker shall refer it to a standing committee for review and appropriate action.

Constitutional Amendments

62.5. All constitutional amendments shall be referred to the policy standing committee having jurisdiction of that subject matter and, upon being reported out of that committee, shall be re-referred to the committee having constitutional amendments within its jurisdiction.

C. Passage of Bills

Daily File

63. There shall be printed an Assembly Daily File for each legislative day. The following listing shall constitute the order of business on the Daily File:

1. Special Orders of the Day
2. Second Reading, Assembly Bills
3. Second Reading, Senate Bills
4. Unfinished Business
5. Third Reading, Assembly Bills
6. Third Reading, Senate Bills

All bills on the Daily File shall be called for consideration, provided compliance has been had with Rule 58 in the order of their listing, unless otherwise ordered by unanimous consent or an affirmative

vote of two-thirds of the Members present. All scheduled committee hearings, together with the list of bills to be heard, shall be published in the Daily File.

Copies of Bills for Action Upon Bill on Floor

64. No bill may be considered or acted upon on the floor of the Assembly unless and until a copy of the printed bill as introduced and a printed copy of each amended form of the bill have been placed upon the desks of the Members.

Second Reading of Bills

66. All bills shall be read by title the second time in the order of their appearance upon the second reading file. Upon second reading, Assembly bills reported without amendments shall be ordered engrossed, and Senate bills reported without amendments shall be ordered to third reading. All bills reported out of committee shall be placed on the second reading file for the next legislative day and shall not be read a second time until the next legislative day under that order of business. As used in this rule, "bill" does not include joint or concurrent resolutions, but does include constitutional amendments.

Bills Requiring General Fund Appropriation

66.6. Until the Budget Bill has been enacted, the Assembly shall not send to the Governor for consideration any bill appropriating funds for expenditure during the fiscal year for which the Budget bill is to be enacted, except emergency bills recommended by the Governor or appropriations for the salaries and expenses of the Legislature.

Passage of Budget Bill

66.7. The Committee on Budget shall set spending limits for each subcommittee prior to subcommittee hearings.

Between the date upon which a committee on conference of the Budget Bill is appointed and the date the Assembly adopts the report of the conference committee, the chairperson of the Committee on Budget shall provide regular written reports to the Members on the progress of the conference committee deliberations.

No Budget Bill shall be considered or acted upon on the floor of the Assembly unless it does all of the following:

- (1) Balances expenditures with anticipated revenues.
- (2) Provides for a reserve of not less than 3 percent of the total of all expenditures for which appropriations are made in the Budget Bill for the fiscal year, or provides for a reserve of not less than 1 percent and a specific plan to phase in a reserve of at least 3 percent within three years.
- (3) Is based upon no external borrowing by the state other than borrowing that the Budget Bill or another statute would require to be repaid during that fiscal year.

Committee Amendments

67. Committee amendments reported with bills shall be considered upon their second reading and the amendments may be adopted by majority vote of the Members present and voting. Assembly and Senate bills amended on second reading, whether by committee amendment or amendment from the floor, shall be

ordered reprinted and returned to the second reading file. Assembly bills so amended shall be engrossed after printing.

Committee amendments reported with bills shall be prepared by, or approved as to form by, the Legislative Counsel. Five copies of the committee amendments to Assembly bills and five copies of the committee amendments to Senate bills must be delivered to the Chief Clerk's desk.

The Chief Clerk shall cause to be transmitted to the Assembly Floor Analysis Unit a copy of each committee report and committee amendment, unless the committee report or committee amendment is relative to a joint, concurrent, or house resolution.

Adoption of amendments to any bill in the Assembly prior to third reading, other than by a roll call, shall not preclude subsequent consideration in committee or on the third reading of the bill, of those amendments, or any part thereof, by the Assembly.

Author's Amendments

68. Upon request of the author of a bill, the chairperson of the committee to which the bill has been referred may, by his or her individual action taken independently of any committee meeting, cause the bill to be reported to the Assembly with the recommendation that amendments submitted by the author be adopted and the bill be reprinted as amended and re-referred to the committee.

Notwithstanding the provisions of any other rule, that bill shall not be placed on the second reading file for the adoption of those amendments.

Vote on Passage of Bill as Amended

68.5. Except as otherwise provided in this rule, a vote on passage of any bill in a standing committee or subcommittee shall be taken only when the bill is in print, including any previously adopted amendments which may have been made to it. A vote on passage of an amended bill when the amended form of the bill is not in print may be taken only if the sole effect of the amendment is to add coauthors to the bill or if the committee determines that the amendment is of such a nature that its effect upon the bill can be readily understood by all the members and audience present at the hearing. In that circumstance, any member may require that the amendments be in writing at the time of their adoption.

Bill Analysis Prior to Third Reading

68.6. No bill may be considered on third reading unless and until an analysis of the measure has been distributed by the Assembly Floor Analysis Unit and placed upon the desks of the Members, unless otherwise ordered by the Speaker.

As used in this rule, "bill" does not include joint or concurrent resolutions, but does include constitutional amendments.

Analysis of Conference Committee Amendments

68.7. No report of a conference committee on any bill, other than the Budget Bill, that recommends the substantive amendment of a bill may be considered unless and until an analysis of the proposed

amendment has been distributed by the Assembly Floor Analysis Unit and placed upon the desks of the Members, unless otherwise ordered by the Speaker.

Printing of Conference Committee Reports

68.8. No conference report may be heard by the Assembly until it has been in print for two days prior to being taken up by the house.

Conference Committee: Substantial Policy Change

68.9. (a) No conference committee on any bill, other than the Budget Bill and the budget implementation bills, shall approve any substantial policy change in any bill if that substantial policy change has been defeated in a policy committee of the Assembly within the current legislative session. For purposes of this rule, the most recent action of a policy committee with regard to a substantial policy change shall be deemed the only action taken when the policy committee has taken inconsistent actions with respect to a substantial policy change.

(b) For purposes of subdivision (d) of Joint Rule 29.5, the term "heard" means that a printed bill with substantially similar language was before the appropriate committee and taken up at a regular or special hearing of the committee during the current legislative session; or that an amendment, which was drafted and given a request number or approved as to form by the Legislative Counsel, was before the committee and taken up at a regular or special hearing of the committee.

Amendments From the Floor

69. (a) Any Member may move to amend a bill during its second or third reading and that motion to amend may be adopted by a majority vote of the Members present and voting.

No amendments to a bill offered from the floor, except committee amendments reported with bills, amendments offered with a motion to amend and re-refer a bill to committee, amendments deleting any number of words, amendments adding a total of not more than 25 words, or amendments previously printed in the Journal, shall be in order unless and until a copy of the proposed amendments has been placed upon the desks of the Members. If a copy of amendments adding a total of 25 words or less is not placed on the desks of Members, it shall be made available to the author of the bill, and the amendments shall be read in their entirety by the Chief Clerk prior to debate.

Amendments offered from the floor during a bill's second or third reading shall be prepared by, or approved as to form by, the Legislative Counsel.

Before debate five copies of the proposed amendment to Assembly bills, and five copies of the proposed amendments to Senate bills, must be delivered to the Chief Clerk's desk. One copy of the proposed amendment shall be transmitted by the Chief Clerk to the Assembly Floor Analysis Unit. Bills so amended upon second or third reading shall be reprinted and re-engrossed. The Chief Clerk shall order printed as many copies of all amended bills as he or she may determine to be necessary.

(b) Amendments from the floor during a bill's second or third reading that would make a substantive change in the bill shall be

submitted to the Chief Clerk's desk prior to the scheduled start of session on that legislative day, unless otherwise ordered by a majority vote of the duly elected and qualified Members. Upon receipt of the proposed amendments by the Chief Clerk, an analysis shall be prepared by the committee of origin in conjunction with the Assembly Floor Analysis Unit and a copy of that analysis shall be distributed to each Member's desk prior to the beginning of debate on adoption of the proposed amendments, unless otherwise ordered by the Speaker. As used in this subdivision, "bill" does not include joint or concurrent resolutions, but does include constitutional amendments.

(c) Any bill amended on the second or third reading file shall be ordered reprinted and returned to the third reading file, and shall not be acted on by the Assembly until the bill, as amended, has been on the Daily File for one legislative day.

(d) No motion to amend a bill on the second or third reading file, other than committee amendments reported pursuant to Rule 57, shall be in order on the last two legislative days preceding (1) the January 31 bill passage deadline as specified by Section 10 of Article IV of the California Constitution, (2) the scheduled commencement of the interim study recess, or (3) the scheduled commencement of the final recess as specified by the joint rules.

Consideration of Political Reform Act Bills

69.1. Pursuant to Section 81012 of the Government Code, any bill that would amend the Political Reform Act of 1974 contained in Title 9 (commencing with Section 81000) of the Government Code may not be passed until, 12 days prior to being considered for passage, the bill in its final form has been delivered by the Chief Clerk to the Fair Political Practices Commission for distribution to the news media and to every person who has requested the commission to send copies of such bills to him or her.

Electronic Distribution of Bills, Conference Reports, Amendments, and Analyses

69.5. Subject to the provisions of subdivision (b) of Section 8 of Article IV of the California Constitution, any requirement that bills, conference reports, amendments, or an analysis be placed on the desks of the Members shall also include electronic distribution of the same information to the desk of the Members through the Assembly Floor System, unless otherwise ordered by the Speaker.

Consideration of Bills Re-referred to Committee

70. Whenever a bill which has been amended and re-referred to committee is reported out by that committee, it shall be placed on the second reading file and shall not be transferred therefrom to the third reading file until the following day.

Uncontested Bills

71. No bill shall be placed on the Assembly Consent Calendar unless it has met the requirements of Joint Rule 22.1 with respect to each Assembly standing committee to which the bill has been referred.

Consideration of Concurrent and Joint Resolutions

73. Concurrent resolutions and joint resolutions may be amended by a majority vote of the Members present and voting. The ayes and noes shall not be called upon the adoption of concurrent resolutions, except those authorizing expenditures of money, unless regularly demanded, or required by statute, or required by the California Constitution.

Adoption of Resolutions

74. Any resolution upon which a roll call vote is demanded shall require an affirmative recorded vote of 41 or more Members for adoption.

The adoption of any resolution authorizing the expenditure of money shall require an affirmative recorded vote of 41 or more Members.

Printing of Resolutions

75. When any previously printed house resolution is before the Assembly for adoption it shall be printed in the Assembly Daily Journal only if amendments to it have been adopted, in which case it shall be printed as amended. In the absence of those amendments, house resolutions before the Assembly for adoption shall be referred to by day and page of the Journal as printed upon introduction. For the purposes of this rule, the adding of a coauthor shall not be deemed an amendment.

Concurrence in Senate Amendments

77. It shall require the same affirmative recorded vote to concur in any Senate amendment to an Assembly bill as the vote required by the California Constitution for the passage of the bill. A vote on concurrence may not be taken until the bill has been on the unfinished business file for one legislative day, except that when the bill is placed upon the unfinished business file during the last two legislative days preceding (1) the January 31 bill passage deadline as specified by Section 10 of Article IV of the California Constitution, (2) the scheduled commencement of the interim study recess, or (3) the scheduled commencement of the final recess as specified by the joint rules, it may be acted upon immediately. The vote on concurrence shall be deemed the vote upon final passage of the bill.

Senate amendments to Assembly bills may not be concurred in unless and until an analysis of the measure has been distributed the Assembly Floor Analysis Unit and a copy placed upon the desks of the Members, unless otherwise ordered by the Speaker. As used in this paragraph, "bill" does not include joint or concurrent resolutions, but does include constitutional amendments.

Digest of Bills Amended in Senate

77.1. Whenever the Senate amends and passes an Assembly bill, the Legislative Counsel shall, within one day after the bill is passed by the Senate, prepare and transmit to the Chief Clerk and the Speaker, a brief digest summarizing the effect of the Senate amendment. Upon receipt from the Legislative Counsel, the Chief Clerk shall cause the digest to be printed in the Daily File immediately following any reference in the file to the bill covered by the digest.

Substantially Amended Bills

77.2. If the analysis of an amendment adopted on the floor discloses that the amendment makes a substantial substantive change to a bill as passed by the last committee of reference, the bill, as amended, may be referred by the Speaker to the appropriate committee.

A bill that was previously reported from a policy or fiscal committee of reference in compliance with Joint Rule 61 shall not be subject to the deadlines in Joint Rule 61 if the bill is subsequently referred to a policy or fiscal committee pursuant to this rule.

If the digest to an Assembly Bill that has been returned to the Assembly by the Senate for concurrence in Senate amendments discloses that the Senate has made a substantial substantive change in the bill as first passed by the Assembly, the bill may be referred by the Speaker to the appropriate committee.

Inactive File

78. Whenever a bill has been passed twice on third reading file, it shall forthwith be placed upon a special file to be known as the inactive file. A bill may also be placed on the inactive file at the request of the author. When a bill has been placed on the inactive file, it may be returned to the third reading file by a request of the author. Notice of the request to return the bill to the third reading file shall be published one day in advance in the Assembly File. The bill, when returned to the third reading file, shall then be placed at the foot of the third reading file.

When a bill, placed on the inactive file from the second reading file or the unfinished business file, is removed from the inactive file, it shall be returned to the foot of the second reading file or unfinished business file respectively, in the next published Daily File.

Engrossing and Enrolling Bills

79. The Engrossing and Enrolling Clerk shall engross and enroll all bills which shall come to his or her hands for that purpose, in compliance with the provisions of Section 9503 of the Government Code, and in the order of time in which the same shall be acted upon by the Assembly.

After final passage by both houses, any Assembly bill not amended by the Senate shall be forthwith ordered by the Speaker to be enrolled, as provided in Sections 9508 and 9509 of the Government Code. The Chief Clerk shall report both the day and hour each enrolled bill is presented to the Governor, which report shall be entered in the Journal.

VI. PARLIAMENTARY PROCEDURE**A. Motions and Questions****Precedence of Motions During Debate**

80. When a question is under debate or before the Assembly, no motions shall be received but the following, which shall take precedence in the order named:

First—To adjourn;

Second—To recess to a time certain;

Third—To lay on the table;

Fourth—For the previous question;

Fifth—To set as a special order;

- Sixth—To postpone indefinitely;
Seventh—To refer to or to re-refer;
Eighth—To amend.

Questions of Order Decided Without Debate

81. All incidental questions of order, arising after a motion is made for any of the questions named in Rule 80 and pending that motion, shall be decided by the Speaker without debate, whether on appeal or otherwise.

Appeal From Decision of the Speaker

82. Any Member may appeal from a decision of the Speaker without waiting for recognition by the Speaker, even though another Member has the floor. No appeal is in order when another is pending, or when other business has been transacted by the Assembly prior to the appeal being taken. Upon the appeal being seconded, the Speaker may give his or her reasons for the decision, and the Member making the appeal may give his or her reasons for the appeal, and the Speaker shall forthwith put one of the following questions to the Assembly:

- (1) "Shall the decision of the Speaker be sustained?"
- (2) "Shall the decision of the Speaker be overruled?"

An appeal cannot be amended and yields only to a motion to recess or adjourn, to lay on the table, or a question of personal privilege. If an appeal be laid on the table, that action shall have no effect on the pending question.

An appeal cannot be debated when relating to indecorum, transgression of rules, or priority of business. A majority vote of the Members present and voting shall decide any appeal. In the event of a tie vote, the appeal is lost.

Speaker Explains Order of Business

83. The Speaker may, on his or her own motion or upon the motion of any Member, explain the order of business when the motion pending before the Assembly is not debatable. That explanation shall not consume more than two minutes.

To Adjourn

84. A motion to adjourn is not debatable and cannot be amended, and is always in order, except: (a) when another Member has the floor; (b) when the Assembly is voting; or (c) during a call of the Assembly. The name of any Member moving an adjournment and also the hour at which the motion was made and adjournment taken shall be entered in the Journal. A motion to adjourn must be adopted by a majority vote of the Members present and voting.

When a motion to adjourn is made and seconded, it shall be in order for the Speaker, before putting the question, to permit any Member to state to the Assembly any fact relating to the condition of the business of the Assembly which would seem to render it improper or inadvisable to adjourn. That statement shall not occupy more than two minutes and shall not be debatable.

An affirmative recorded vote of 41 or more Members is required to adjourn any session of the Assembly sine die.

To Recess to a Time Certain

85. A motion to recess to a time certain shall be treated the same as a motion to adjourn, except that the motion is debatable when no business is before the Assembly, and can be amended as to the time and duration of the recess. It yields only to a motion to adjourn.

To Lay on the Table

86. A motion to lay on the table is not debatable and cannot be amended.

A motion to table a bill, constitutional amendment, or concurrent or joint resolution requires an affirmative recorded vote of 41 or more Members.

Any motion to lay on the table, if carried by 41 or more votes, carries with it the main question and everything that adheres to it; provided, however, that a motion to lay an amendment on the table, if adopted, does not carry with it a bill, constitutional amendment, or concurrent, joint, or house resolution.

A motion to lay an amendment on the table may be adopted by a majority vote of the Members present and voting.

A motion to lay on the table cannot be applied with respect to reconsideration.

The Previous Question

87. The previous question shall be put only when demanded by five Members and its effect, when sustained by a majority vote of the Members present and voting, shall be to put an end to all debate and bring the Assembly to a vote only on the question then pending; except that the proponent of the matter pending shall be allowed not to exceed five minutes to close the debate.

Motion to Set Special Order

88. A motion to set any matter before the Assembly as a special order of business must be adopted by an affirmative recorded vote of 54 or more Members. It is debatable only as to the propriety of setting the main question as a special order of business, and may be amended only as to the time.

Motion to Postpone to a Time Certain

89. A motion to postpone to a time certain shall be deemed and treated as a motion to set as a special order.

Motion to Postpone Indefinitely

90. When a motion is made to postpone indefinitely any bill, motion, or amendment, it opens the main question to debate. Should the motion to postpone indefinitely prevail by an affirmative recorded vote of 41 or more Members, the main question shall not be acted upon again during the session.

Motion to Amend

91. A motion to amend may itself be amended, but no "amendment to an amendment" may be amended. A motion to substitute shall be deemed to be a motion to amend and shall be considered the same as an amendment.

Only one substitute is in order when an amendment is pending. A motion to amend or to substitute is debatable, except where the main

question to be amended is not debatable. Any motion to amend may be adopted by a majority vote of the Members present and voting.

A motion to amend having been decided in the negative shall not again be in order on the same day, or at the same stage of proceeding. A motion to amend by striking out certain words having been decided in the negative, shall not preclude a motion to amend by adding words, or a motion to amend by striking out and inserting words; but in no case shall a further amendment be substantially the same as the one rejected.

Subject to the above provisions of this rule and the provisions of Rule 69, a motion to amend is in order during the second or third reading of any bill.

Amendment To Be Germane

92. No amendment to any bill, other than a bill stating legislative intent to make necessary statutory changes to implement the Budget Bill, whether reported by a committee or offered by a Member, shall be in order when the amendment relates to a different subject than, or is intended to accomplish a different purpose than, or requires a title essentially different than, the original bill.

No motion or proposition on a subject different from that under consideration shall be admitted as an amendment.

No amendment shall be in order that changes the original number of any bill.

No Member shall be added or deleted as an author or coauthor of a bill or resolution without his or her consent.

Consideration of Motions

93. No motion, whether oral or written, shall be adopted until it is seconded and distinctly stated to the Assembly by the Speaker.

Motions in Writing

94. Upon request of the Speaker, all motions shall be reduced to writing and shall be read to the Assembly by the Speaker before being acted upon.

Withdrawal of Motions

95. After a motion is stated by the Speaker, or a bill, resolution, or petition is read by the Chief Clerk, it is in the possession of the Assembly.

Motion to Withdraw or Re-refer Bills

96. A motion to withdraw a bill or resolution from committee, or to re-refer a bill or resolution from one committee to another committee, may be made during the regular order of business. A motion to re-refer shall only be debated as to the propriety of the reference, and shall require an affirmative recorded vote of 41 or more Members.

No bill or resolution shall be withdrawn from committee and placed upon the file, except upon two days' notice thereof and except by an affirmative recorded vote of 41 or more Members.

A motion to continue a motion to withdraw a bill or resolution from committee shall require a majority of those members present and voting.

Re-reference of Measures on File

97. A motion to re-refer a bill or resolution that is on the Assembly Daily File to committee may be made during the regular order of business. The motion shall only be debatable as to the propriety of that reference and shall require an affirmative recorded vote of 41 or more Members.

Bills Stricken From File

98. A motion to strike from the file any bill or resolution requires an affirmative recorded vote of 41 or more Members. That bill or resolution shall not be acted upon again during the session.

Motion to Rescind Action or Expunge Record

99. Previous to the approval of the Journal by the Assembly any action may be rescinded and its record ordered expunged by an affirmative recorded vote sufficient to take that action originally; except that no action shall be rescinded and the record expunged by a vote less than an affirmative recorded vote of 41 or more Members. No motion to rescind the action and expunge the record shall be made twice on the same proposition.

A motion to rescind is not in order on any matter upon which a vote to reconsider has previously been taken in the Assembly.

Whenever any action of the Assembly is rescinded and its record ordered expunged, the record of the action expunged shall not appear in any form whatsoever, but the record of the proceedings on the motion to rescind and expunge shall appear in the Assembly Journal as and when printed.

Reconsideration of Vote

100. (a) A motion to reconsider a vote on the next legislative day must be made on the same day the vote to be reconsidered was taken. No motion to reconsider shall be adopted unless it receives an affirmative recorded vote of 41 or more Members, except that it shall require a vote of 54 or more Members or 60 or more Members, respectively, to reconsider the vote on any matter originally requiring 54 or more votes or 60 or more votes, as the case may be. A motion to reconsider may be voted on without a second.

A motion to reconsider a vote must be made by a Member voting on the question, and shall take precedence over all motions, except a motion to adjourn. Upon that motion being made, the matter to be reconsidered shall forthwith be placed upon the unfinished business file, and no further action shall be taken prior to the next legislative day. When a motion to reconsider has once been made, the same is the property of the Assembly. When reconsideration is granted, the matter to be reconsidered shall be before the Assembly in the same status as it was prior to the vote being reconsidered.

(b) (1) Interim Study Recess:

No motion to reconsider the vote whereby amendments are concurred in on Assembly bills, the vote whereby a Senate bill is passed and returned to the Senate or the vote whereby a conference committee report is adopted shall be in order on the last two legislative days preceding the interim study recess.

A motion to reconsider the vote whereby amendments are refused concurrence on Assembly bills, the vote whereby Senate bills are refused passage, or the vote whereby a conference committee report

is refused adoption shall be in order on the last legislative day preceding the interim study recess.

The motion may be taken up before the end of that legislative day.

As used in this paragraph, "bill" does not include joint or concurrent resolutions.

(2) January 31—Even-numbered Year:

No motion to reconsider the vote whereby an Assembly bill is passed to the Senate shall be in order on the last two legislative days preceding January 31 of the even-numbered year.

A motion to reconsider the vote whereby an Assembly bill is refused passage on its third reading shall be in order on the last legislative day preceding January 31 of the even-numbered year.

The motion shall be taken up before the end of that legislative day.

As used in this paragraph, "bill" does not include Senate bills, constitutional amendments, or joint or concurrent resolutions.

(3) Easter or Summer Recess

No motion to reconsider the vote whereby a bill is passed shall be in order on the last two legislative days preceding the Easter or Summer Recess as defined by the Joint Rules of the Senate and Assembly.

(4) Final Recess:

No motion to reconsider the vote whereby a bill is passed shall be in order on the last two legislative days preceding the final recess.

A motion to reconsider the vote whereby a bill is defeated shall be in order on the day of the final recess.

The motion shall be taken up before the end of that legislative day.

(c) Any Member voting on any matter may move to take up on the same day the motion to reconsider the vote thereon, previously made by another Member. A motion to take up on the same day a motion to reconsider the vote on a bill shall require an affirmative recorded vote of two-thirds of the Members present and voting. A motion to take up on the same day a motion to reconsider the vote on any motion, amendment, Assembly resolution, or proposition other than a bill shall require an affirmative vote of a majority vote of the Members present and voting. The motion to take up the reconsideration on the same day shall take precedence over the motion to reconsider and upon demand of any Member the motion to take up the reconsideration on the same day shall be put to an immediate vote. If the motion to take up the reconsideration on the same day is adopted, the motion to reconsider shall be the next order of business before the Assembly.

(d) A second motion to reconsider the same question shall not be in order nor is a motion to reconsider reconsideration in order.

(e) A motion to continue a motion to reconsider shall require a majority vote of those Members present and voting.

Call of Assembly

101. After the roll has been called, and prior to the announcement of the vote, any Member may move a call of the Assembly. The Members present may order a call of the Assembly by a majority vote of the Members present and voting, and the Speaker shall immediately order the Sergeant at Arms to lock all doors and shall direct the Chief Clerk to prepare a list of absentees as disclosed by the last roll call. The list of absentees shall be furnished to the

Sergeant at Arms. Thereupon no Members shall be permitted to leave the Assembly Chamber except by written permission of the Speaker. No person shall be permitted to enter except Members, Senators, or officers, or employees of the Legislature in the official performance of their duties.

Those Members who are found to be absent, and for whom no leaves of absence have been granted, shall be forthwith taken into custody wherever found by the Sergeant at Arms or his or her assistants or any person designated by the Sergeant at Arms, including members of the California Highway Patrol, and sheriffs or their deputies, and brought to the Assembly Chamber.

No recess or adjournment shall be taken during a call of the Assembly. Additional business may be conducted and calls placed regardless of the number of calls in effect. A call of the Assembly may be dispensed with at any time upon a majority vote of the Members present, that action to become effective upon the completion of the roll call and the announcement of the vote upon the matter for which the call was ordered, unless prior to the announcement of the vote, the call is continued by a majority vote of the Members present.

Division of Question

102. Any Member may call for a division of the question, and the Speaker shall order the question divided if it comprehends propositions in substance so distinct that, one being taken away, a substantive proposition shall remain for the decision of the Assembly. This rule shall not be applicable to an individual bill or resolution.

B. Voting Members Voting

104. Every Member in the Assembly Chamber when a roll call is required shall record his or her vote openly and without debate, unless the Assembly shall, by a majority vote of the Members present and voting, excuse him or her.

No Member shall operate the voting switch of any other Member; except that a Member presiding at the time of a roll call, who is not the Speaker or the Speaker pro Tempore, may direct another Member on the floor to operate the presiding Member's voting switch, and any Member so presiding, including the Speaker and the Speaker pro Tempore, may also operate the voting switches at the rostrum, of the Speaker and the Speaker pro Tempore, at their direction.

The name of any Member who refuses to vote as required by this rule, after being requested by the Speaker to do so, shall be entered in the Journal of the Assembly, together with a statement that he or she was present and did so refuse to vote. Any Member who refuses so to vote may, if he or she so desires, and immediately after the announcement of the vote, submit a written explanation of the failure to vote and have the explanation printed in the Journal, provided no explanation shall exceed 50 words in length.

In addition to the entry of his or her name in the Journal, any Member who refuses so to vote when required, and who has not been excused from doing so, may, immediately after the announcement of the vote, at the discretion of the Speaker or upon demand of any Member, be summoned to appear before the bar of the Assembly for public censure by the Speaker or by any Member designated by the

Speaker. Censure of a Member as provided by this rule shall not constitute a bar to proceedings for his or her expulsion from the Assembly pursuant to Section 5 of Article IV of the California Constitution.

A Member may submit a written explanation of his or her vote on any bill or house resolution, and have the explanation printed in the Journal immediately following the vote, provided no explanation shall exceed 50 words in length.

A Member, prior to adjournment on the same legislative day, in the absence of any objection, may instruct the Chief Clerk to add his or her vote to any previously announced vote which had been taken during his or her absence, as long as the outcome of the vote is not changed. The Chief Clerk shall record any vote additions.

Ayes and Noes

105. The ayes and noes shall be recorded by the electrical voting system on the final passage of all bills, when an affirmative recorded vote of 41 Members or any vote above that number is required, when demanded by three Members, or when ordered by the Speaker. The names of the Members so voting shall be entered in the Journal.

Voting and Vote Changes

106. When once begun, voting shall not be interrupted, except that before the vote is announced, any Member may have the total pending vote flashed on the visible vote recorder. Prior to the announcement of the vote, the presiding officer will instruct the Chief Clerk to record verbal votes from Members not at their desks. Any Member may move a call of the Assembly after the completion of the roll. A Member, prior to adjournment on the same legislative day, in the absence of any objection, may instruct the Chief Clerk to change his or her recorded vote after the vote is announced, as long as the outcome of the vote is not changed. The Chief Clerk shall record any vote change only after the Member making the change has announced it to the Assembly.

Tie Vote

107. In case of an equal division, or tie vote, the question shall be lost.

VII. MEMBERS' DECORUM AND PRIVILEGES

Order in Speaking to Questions

108. When a Member desires to address the Assembly, the Member shall rise from his or her seat and respectfully address himself or herself to "Mr. Speaker" or "Madame Speaker." Upon being recognized, the Member may speak, confining himself or herself to the question under consideration. When two or more Members rise at the same time, the Speaker shall designate the Member who is entitled to the floor

No Member shall speak more than once during the consideration of any one question on the same day and at the same stage of proceeding, except that the author of a bill or resolution or the mover of a question shall have the right to open and close the debate thereon. No Member shall be allowed to speak more than five minutes to open and five minutes to close the debate on any question, including amendments, and no Member other than the author or the

mover of the question shall be allowed to speak more than five minutes thereon. No Member shall yield to any other Member the time for which he or she is entitled to speak on any matter.

Motions

109. When a Member desires to make a motion, the Member shall obtain recognition as provided in Rule 108. Upon being recognized, the Member shall open by stating his or her motion, except in the case of a nomination, and in any other case shall not speak to the merits of the motion at that time and shall confine his or her remarks to those necessary to explain the motion. If the motion is in order and is seconded, it shall be stated to the Assembly by the Speaker. If the motion is debated, the Member who made it shall then be entitled to recognition to open the debate thereon.

When a Member obtains the floor during debate upon any question that is pending before the Assembly and addresses the Assembly regarding the merits of the pending question, the Member shall not be permitted to conclude his or her debate by making any motion or by demanding the previous question.

Leave of Absence

110. No Member shall absent himself or herself from attendance at any session of the Assembly without leave of the Assembly. No Member shall obtain that leave of absence or be excused for nonattendance except by a vote of 54 or more Members or by unanimous consent. A Member who obtains a leave of absence for personal business or is excused for nonattendance for personal business shall waive his or her per diem allowance for attendance upon any session of the Legislature for which he or she secures that leave of absence or excuse. A Member may not obtain a leave of absence for legislative business or be excused for nonattendance for legislative business unless the Member has filed with the Speaker a statement of the legislative business for which he or she seeks that leave of absence or excuse. That statement shall be printed in the Journal.

If a Member is not recorded on the attendance roll within one-half hour after the scheduled start of the session, the Member shall stand up before the Assembly and explain the reason he or she is late before he or she is recorded on the roll call for any votes. If a Member does not explain his or her reason for being late, any other Member may raise a point of order and the tardy Member's vote shall not be recorded until an explanation is made.

Personal Privilege

111. Any Member may rise to explain a matter of personal privilege. A matter of personal privilege is a matter involving the Member's integrity, dignity, or honor. Upon rising to explain such a matter, the Member shall forthwith be recognized by the Speaker, but shall not discuss a question in that explanation. Those matters of personal privilege yield only to a motion to recess or adjournment.

Objection to Reading of Any Paper

112. Any Member, upon recognition by the Speaker, may object to the reading of any paper before the Assembly. After that objection, the question of reading shall be determined without

debate by a majority vote of the Members present and voting, upon a brief statement of its substance by the Speaker.

Members at Chief Clerk's Desk

113. No Member or other person shall be allowed at the Chief Clerk's desk while the ayes and noes are being recorded or the votes counted.

Members Called to Order for Transgressing Rules

114. If any Member transgresses the Rules of the Assembly, the Speaker shall, or any Member may, call the offending Member to order. The Member so called to order shall immediately take his or her seat, until the Speaker, without debate, shall have determined whether the Member is in order or not. That decision by the Speaker shall be subject to an appeal to the Assembly.

If any Member is called to order for offensive words spoken in debate, the person calling him or her to order shall state to the Assembly the words to which exception is taken. No Member shall be held to answer, or be subject to censure by the Assembly, for language used in debate, if other business has been transacted by the Assembly prior to exception being taken to the words spoken.

VIII. MISCELLANEOUS

Committee of the Whole

115. The Assembly may resolve itself into a Committee of the Whole at any time by a majority vote of the Members present and voting. While sitting as that committee, persons other than Members may address the committee. The Speaker of the Assembly, or any Member named by the Speaker, shall preside as Chairperson of the Committee of the Whole.

A motion that the Committee of the Whole "do now rise and report back to the Assembly," shall always be in order and shall be decided without debate. All actions of the Committee of the Whole shall be reported to the Assembly by the chairperson, but shall not be entered in the Journal except upon motion and a majority vote of the Members present and voting.

Use of Assembly Chamber

116. The Assembly Chamber shall not be used for any public or private business, other than legislative matters during the sessions or joint recesses of the Legislature, except by consent of 41 or more Members or, during a joint recess, the Committee on Rules.

Use of Assembly Facilities: Smoking

117. Smoking of tobacco products is prohibited within any building or portion of a building occupied or used by Assembly Members or employees if the building or portion of the building is under the jurisdiction or control of the Assembly. The smoking prohibition shall apply to any outdoor area within five feet of an entrance or exit to any building or portion of a building subject to this rule. This smoking prohibition shall apply to the Assembly Chamber, Assembly hearing rooms, and Assembly offices, and to hallways, stairways, and bathrooms within any building or portion of a building subject to this rule.

Floor of the Assembly: Telephones

117.5. No cellular telephone may be used on the floor of the Assembly during any session of the Assembly.

Persons Admitted to Floor of the Assembly

118. No person other than Members of the Legislature, officers, employees of the Legislature, accredited members of the press, and guests shall be admitted to the floor of the Assembly during any session of the Assembly. A guest of any Member shall be admitted only upon presentation of a guest card of the Member countersigned by the Speaker. A guest card is valid only on the legislative day for which it is issued. No lobbyist, as defined by Section 82039 of the Government Code, shall, under any circumstances, be admitted to the Assembly Chamber while the Assembly is in session.

Persons admitted to the Assembly Chamber, other than Members, shall not be permitted to stand in the lobby in the rear of the Assembly Chamber while the Assembly is in session, but shall be required to occupy the seats provided for them.

All guests shall be seated only in the chairs in the back of the rail in the rear of the Assembly Chamber and shall not be permitted to sit at the desks of the Members. No person other than an accredited newspaper representative shall be permitted to sit at the press desks. A special section in the balcony may be reserved for those holding guest cards. Neither any person mentioned in this rule nor any other person, except Members of the Legislature, shall engage in influencing the passage or defeat of legislation in the Assembly Chamber.

No person other than a Member of the Legislature, the Sergeant at Arms or his or her assistants, the Chief Clerk or his or her assistants, or the Legislative Counsel or his or her representatives, shall be permitted in the area of the floor of the chamber which is occupied by the desks of the Members.

Qualifications and Elections of Members

119. An affirmative vote of 41 or more Members shall be required to determine the qualifications and election of any Member pursuant to Section 5 of Article IV of the California Constitution. No motion to disqualify a Member shall be in order at the convening of a legislative session until a Speaker has been elected in accordance with Section 9023 of the Government Code.

Compensation and Expenses of Member Convicted of Felony

120. If a Member of the Assembly is convicted of a felony by a superior court, his or her right to further compensation or expenses is thereupon suspended and his or her membership on any committee is suspended. If the conviction becomes final, the right of the Member to further compensation or expenses shall terminate and any compensation or expenses withheld shall be forfeited to the state. If the conviction is reversed by an appellate court or a motion for a new trial is granted and the Member is thereafter found not guilty or the charges against him or her are dismissed, the amounts of the withheld compensation or expenses shall be paid to the Member and the suspension of his or her committee membership shall terminate.

Whenever a Member is convicted of a felony in the superior court, the Committee on Rules shall give written notice to the Controller, directing him or her to discontinue any further payments to the Member unless and until the Committee on Rules notifies the Controller that the Member has been found not guilty or that the charges against him or her are dismissed. The Controller shall not draw any warrant payable to that Member except as provided in this rule.

The Seal of the Assembly

121. The Seal of the Assembly shall be used only by or on behalf of a Member of the Assembly or when specifically authorized by the Committee on Rules.

AUTHOR'S AMENDMENTS Committee on Human Services

March 13, 1996

Mr. Speaker: The Chair of your Committee on Human Services reports:
Assembly Bill No. 2034

With author's amendments with the recommendation: Amend, and re-refer to the committee.

BORDONARO, Chairman

ASSEMBLY BILL NO. 2034—An act to add Section 11451.4 to, and to repeal Article 2.2 (commencing with Section 11271) of Chapter 3 of Part 3 of Division 9 of, the Welfare and Institutions Code, relating to public social services.

Bill read second time; author's amendments, presented pursuant to Assembly Rules, read and adopted; bill ordered reprinted, and to be re-referred to the committee.

AUTHOR'S AMENDMENTS Committee on Human Services

March 13, 1996

Mr. Speaker: The Chair of your Committee on Human Services reports:
Assembly Bill No. 2036

With author's amendments with the recommendation: Amend, and re-refer to the committee.

BORDONARO, Chairman

ASSEMBLY BILL NO. 2036—An act to amend Section 11320.3 of, and to add Section 11451.5 to, the Welfare and Institutions Code, relating to public social services.

Bill read second time; author's amendments, presented pursuant to Assembly Rules, read and adopted; bill ordered reprinted, and to be re-referred to the committee.

ADJOURNMENT

At 5:15 p.m., the Assembly adjourned until 8:30 a.m., Thursday, March 14, 1996.

CURT PRINGLE, Speaker

PAM CAVILEER, Minute Clerk

**AMENDMENTS CONSIDERED BY THE
ASSEMBLY ON MARCH 13, 1996**

The following measures were amended in the Assembly on this day:

AB	RN
2000	9607105
2034	9607676
2036	9607802
2052	9607474
2078	9607331
2080	9607611
2093	9607447
2107	9607768
2135	9607629
2208	9606285

SB	RN
25	9601697
49	9607559
435	9607736
610	9606376

SCA	RN
19	9606985

SJR	RN
13	9607372